FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—July 25.

Sun Rises	5.01 A M
Sun Sets	7.10 P M
Day's Length	14 h 09 m
High Water at Southport	7.50 A M
High Water at Wilmington	9.33 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE. WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 25.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 83°, 8 p. m., 81°; maximum, 91°; minimum, 76°; mean, 84°.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month up to date, 5.47.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Fair hot weather prevailed over the cotton belt during the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday; only light local showers being reported from Central Mississippi and East Louisiana. The maximum temperature at Wilmington was 92 degrees; at Charlotte, 93; Goldsboro, 91. Greensboro, 89; Lumberton, 94; Newbern, 90; Weldon, 93.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, showers; slightly cooler; southwesterly winds.

For South Carolina, fair in southern portion; light showers in northern portion; slightly cooler in northern portion; westerly winds.

Showers, followed by clearing weather, may be expected in New England and the Middle Atlantic States.

OUTLINES.

The Populist Convention was engaged in a wrangle all day over the adoption of the minority report of the Committee on Rules, the principal difference from the majority report being a reversal of the order of nominations for President and Vice President; the minority report was finally adopted; very little applause was given to any of the various declarations of the platform, which was read by Gen. Weaver, of Ohio. —— Bryan and Sewall were nominated by acclamation by the National Silver Convention and the announcement of their nomination was received with the greatest enthusiasm by the delegates; after the appointment of a committee to notify the candidates of their nomination the convention adjourned *sine die*. —— With the offers of gold made by banks and accepted the Treasury gold reserve stands at $111,000,000. —— Bradstreet's reports no sign of improvement in the state of trade; there were 280 business failures in the United States during the week. —— At the night session of the Populist Convention, Wm. J. Bryan was nominated for President, and Thos E. Watson, the late Populist Congressman from Georgia, for Vice President. —— A syndicate has been formed by J. P. Morgan to protect the Government gold reserve, and it will not again fall below the $100,000,000 mark, at any rate not until after the election; the members of the syndicate which have been forwarding gold to Europe have notified their correspondents there that they cannot do so any longer. —— Gov. Evans, of South Carolina, and Judge Joseph H. Earle, engaged in a fight at Florence, S. C; the trouble was caused by Gov. Evans alluding to Judge Earle in a speech as a fice with his tail cut. —— A portion of Golden City, Col., was swept away by a cloud burst; many lives were lost. —— A telegram was sent to St. Louis by Mr, Bryan declining the Populist nomination unless Mr. Sewall was nominated for Vice President. —— New York markets: Money on call easy at 1½@1½ per cent.; last loan at 1½ and closing offered at 1½ per cent; cotton quoted steady; middling gulf 7 7 16c; middling uplands 7 3-16c; Southern flour quiet, steady and unchanged; common to fair extra $2 00@2 60; good to choice $2 60@2 90; wheat—spot dull but steady; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 33½@33½c at elevator and 33½c afloat; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 24@24¾c; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good 1 60.

That New Jersey woman who stepped on a box and smashed twenty-four dozens of eggs didn't have a Chicago foot, but she weighed three hundred pounds.

Some of the New York papers are commending the banks for agreeing to furnish the Treasury with gold to prevent the depletion of the reserve, as wise and "patriotic." It may be wise, but we do not see where the patriotism comes in. It is purely business.

The political situation is not entirely divested of its humorous features for President Cleveland; for instance, when he sees Henry Watterson cabling the gold bugs to "stand firm" and remembers his "slaughter house" rhetoric, and sees Chas. A. Dana's luminary shining for Hanna and McKinley.

See the goods C. W. Polvogt & Co. are offering for 10c per yard. †

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 106. WILMINGTON, N. C., SATURDAY, JULY 25, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,941

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

When Mr. Rolland De Witt, of Stantonville, N. Y., feels like cussing the advocates of free silver as "anarchists," communists, etc., he will look around to see where his mother-in-law is. His mother-in-law is an old time, orthodox Democrat, and she stood that kind of thing until patience ceased to be a virtue, when she let into him with a cowhide and made such an impression on him that when he wants to make any allusions to free silver anarchists, etc., now, he goes down into the cellar and closes the trap door.

Tom Reed doesn't object to speech-making in New York but he draws the line on Cooper Union. He made a speech there two years ago which took more of his time than any speech he ever made. He went into the meeting under an escort of police and came out minus a $500 watch of which some pickpocket relieved him. With his $500 reminiscence Tom prefers to enlighten the sovereigns from some other standpoint.

The Philadelphia *Times*, speaking of the free silver sentiment in the South, remarks that "the South does not produce a dollar of silver." This is a proof of the South's sincerity. She isn't in it for a grab. But it may be incidentally remarked that while she doesn't produce any silver she produces lots of stuff by the exchanging of which for silver at a fair price she would be very greatly benefitted.

The gold organs talk about the "fire test" for money. Gold, they say, stands the fire test because a gold coin is worth as much after it is melted as it was before. But why? Simply because that gold can be recoined. It is a money metal in the full sense. Before silver was demonetized it would stand the "fire test" as well as gold. Remonetize it and it will do it again.

And now here comes the New York *Times*, echoing some of the McKinley organs, trying to scare the unsophisticated pensioner by making him believe that the good round silver dollar worth 100 cents which he now gets would be worth only 50 cents if free coinage triumphs. The *Times* should have its head bathed.

Foxy John Sherman rises to remark that the gentlemen who had given out the report that he would not be a candidate for re-election to the Senate were somewhat "premature." John didn't build that new marble house in Washington to rent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STR WILMINGTON—Schedule.
J H REHDER & Co—Mason fruit jars.
G R FRENCH & SON—20 per ct. discoun.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— The French barque *Rosa Eliane*, from St. Pierre, Martinique, an iron vessel of 550 tons, was docked at the railroad wharves yesterday.

— In Justice Bunting's Court yesterday Henry Davis, colored, charged with criminal assault, was sent to jail in default of bail in the sum of $100.

— A party of fishermen on the tug *Marion* returned yesterday afternoon from the snapper banks. They report a "good time," but a small catch of fish.

— Kittie Fuller, mother of Balaam Fuller, the well-known bill-poster, died yesterday; aged 88 years. The funeral will take place to-day at 3 p. m., from St. Luke's church.

— The weather observer says: "Conditions indicate for this locality increasing cloudiness and heavy local thunder storms Saturday, and much cooler Saturday night."

— The regular services at the Seamen's Bethel will be conducted tomorrow afteraoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. A. D. McClure. Seamen and rivermen specially invited. All welcome.

— In the City Court yesterday, Leslie Jones, colored, charged with larceny—stealing a watch from Schenck's saloon on Water street—was held for the Criminal Court under bond of $100, and in default was committed to jail.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

50c silk gingham for 20c per yard at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

Special black goods sale at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s to-day. Open all day. †

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Miss Lillie Horne has returned from a trip North.

— Messrs. Phelan and Stinson, of Charlotte, are at Ocean View.

— Mr. W. E. Neal, of New York, is here on a visit to friends.

— Miss Hattie Bryan, of Clinton, is visiting friends in the city.

— Mr. E. P. Wharton, of Greensboro, was a guest in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. Edward R. Wooten and daughter are visiting Rev. W. C. Norman, of Raleigh, N. C.

— Messrs. J. C. Powell and J. B. Schulken, of Whiteville, were in the city yesterday, on business.

— Messrs. W. R. Allen, of Goldsboro, and A. D. Ward, of Newbern were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mrs. W. R. Newberry and Miss L. B. Newberry, of Magnolia, were in the city yesterday, en route to Carolina Beach.

— Miss Madge Redfern, the popular Western Union operator at Monroe, N. C., is spending her vacation at Ocean View.

— Mr. Robert S. French, of Savannah, Ga., an official of the Plant system of railways, is in the city visiting his father, Mr. W. R. French.

— Messrs. J. H. Phelan, J. M. Browne, G. McP. Batte, Charlotte; S. J. Wall, T. S. Davis, Wilson, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. T. Morgan Turrentine has returned to the city, having the agency for J. R. Willard & Co., brokers, of New York city, and has opened a branch office at No. 17 Princess street. He represents a popular firm and is known by everybody here, having spent almost his entire life in the office of his father, Mr. J. R. Turrentine.

Two Brothers Meet After a Long Separation.

Mr. F. W. Ortman, one of Wilmington's old citizens, had the pleasure yesterday of meeting and shaking hands with his brother, Mr. Herman Ortman, of Hamburg, Germany, who he had not seen since he visited Germany thirty six years ago. Mr. Herman Ortman is the oldest brother of Mr. F. W. Ortman. He came here from Charleston, S. C., where he has been spending the past three months with four of his brothers who reside there. He is a clever gentleman, weighs only 250 pounds, and was recognized by his brother as soon as he stepped from the train. Mr. H. Ortman is a retired officer of the German army having been in active service for over forty-five years.

Cardinal Gibbons' Birthday.

Cardinal Gibbons, who has many friends in Wilmington, celebrated his sixty-second birthday Thursday at Cape May, where he has been for several days.

He spent the day very quietly, most of his time being taken up with reading the large number of letters and telegrams of congratulation which he received. He also received a number of visitors who called to present their compliments.

In the evening a dinner was given in the Cardinal's honor by the host, Mr. Cockroft Thomas, of Philadelphia, the guests including Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, Bishop McFaul, of Trenton, Rev. W. S. Caughy, of Laurel, Md.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—2 casks spirits turpentine, 3 bbls tar, 25 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—52 casks spirits turpentine, 151 bbls rosin, 49 bbls tar, 5 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—18 casks spirits turpentine, 158 bbls rosin, 25 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—86 casks spirits turpentine, 129 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar.

Steamer D Murchison—80 casks spirits turpentine, 339 bbls rosin, 135 bbls tar, 10 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 188 casks; rosin, 777 bbls; tar, 216 bbls; crude turpentine, 40 bbls.

A Small Fire.

About noon yesterday an alarm of fire was turned on from box No. 18, corner Seventh and Harnett streets. The fire was on the roof of a two-story frame dwelling owned and occupied by Jane Bennett, colored. It was extinguished by the Fire Department before it had made much headway, and the damage was slight. No insurance.

Base Ball.

The "A. C. L." and the "Golden Hours" teams played a game of ball yesterday. Score, 15 to 19 in favor of the Golden Hours. Battery for the A. C. L., Leslie Wiggs pitch, Arthur Schulken catch; for the Golden Hours, Mac Goodwin catch, Sandy Hawes pitch.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

CONVENTION DATES.

Democratic Congressional Convention 6th District—Rockingham, August 2th.

C. W. Polvogt & Co. offer Fruit of Loom or Masonville Shirting at 8c per yard. †

Choice of shirt waists for 75c at C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s. †

SECOND REGIMENT N. C. S. G.

The Encampment of 1896 Closed—Departure of the Troops for Their Homes—Closing Scenes.

STAR HEADQUARTERS,
CAMP NADAL, July 24, 1896.

Wrightsville Beach is again a place of quiet. The tramp of the military, the sound of the bugle and the merry joke and laughter ceased when the Second Regiment broke camp yesterday morning at 6 o'clock and the curtain was rung down on the encampment of the Second Regiment N. C. S. G. for the year 1896.

Early in the morning, the boys were up, packing utensils and accoutrements preparatory to their departure at 7 o'clock. After every thing was aboard the train, some time was passed in bidding acquaintances "good bye," including the girls they met at Wrightsville, perhaps for the last time. The train was boarded by the military at 7 o'clock a. m. and they reached Wilmington at 8 o'clock, spending a half hour exchanging cheers and words of greeting. They were then transferred to the various railroad lines and departed for their homes.

The most striking feature of their separating was witnessed at the Seacoast Railroad, where the Wilmington Light Infantry marched to each visiting car and gave three cheers, which were responded to by each company. The W. L. I. quartette sang appropriate farewell songs to each company. The quartette was composed of Messrs. C. H. Cooper, Robert Fowler, J. V. B Metts and A. P. Adrian.

The regiment was more than delighted with the encampment of 1896, and will return next year. The members spoke in praise of the camp the seashore, the citizens, and everybody and everything they met or saw.

The W. L. I. marched down Market street to their Armory, where, after cheering their officers, who thanked and complimented them for their behavior during the week at Camp Natal, they disbanded, and returned to their several avocations.

HARPER-HODGES.

Marriage of a Popular Young Couple at Little River Academy.

[*Fayetteville Observer*.]

Ivy Bern, the picturesque residence of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. Murchison Hodges, at Little River Academy, was thronged Wednesday morning with a gay and fashionable company to witness the marriage of one of Cumberland's and the State's most beautiful and gifted daughters. Surrounded by a goodly company, at nine o'clock that morning, the Rev. Dr. McBryde united in marriage Miss Clara Hodges to Mr. Francis Marion Harper, of South Carolina. It was a beautiful ceremony, the bride and groom standing in the centre of the tastefully decorated drawing room, surrounded by as gallant a set of groomsmen and as lovely a bevy of bridesmaids as ever did homage to bride and groom. By the side of the bride stood the maid of honor, her sister, Miss Roxie Hodges, and Mr. Logan Howell, of Raleigh, the best man, occupied a similar position to the groom. On either side were ranged the bridesmaids: Misses Eliza Williams of Fayetteville, Lizzie Lawrence of Oxford, Alice Green of Wilmington, Hattie Lane of Newbern, Kate Faison of Godwin, and Rose Smith of Little River Academy, and the groomsmen. Messrs. Hector McGeachy, Fayetteville; John Miller, Goldsboro; Henry King, Raleigh; Henry Litchford, Raleigh; Hervy Evans, Cumberland, and Alexander Williams, West Point Academy.

At the conclusion of the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Harper left immediately for Fayetteville, where they took the noon train for Norfolk, Va.

Among the guests at the house were Mr. and Mrs. Andrews, of Pennsylvania; Mrs. David Worth, of Wilmington, and Mrs. Bagley and Mrs. Moffitt, of Raleigh.

COTTON TIES.

An Advance in Price of Eighty Per Cent—Work of the Tie Trust.

The Charleston *News and Courier* says that "there is a howl going up all over the Southern country because the Cotton Tie Trust has raised the price of ties from 65 cents to $1.30 per bundle." The *News* adds:

A prominent gentleman said yesterday that he thought that the Charleston Cotton Exchange ought to follow the action of the Selma, Alabama Cotton Exchange and pass resolutions denouncing the raising of the price of ties by the trust. "All cotton exchanges in every State in the South, he said, 'should unite to condemn this outrage on the farmer, and endeavor to provide some substitute for ties, such as wire, or something of that sort."

A number of cotton men said that while the rise in the price of ties was rather sudden, that notwithstanding the addition of 80 per cent. ties were cheaper than they had ever been until the last two or three years, during which they have been abnormally low.

Ties come in bundles of 30 and weigh from 45 to 50 pounds to the bundle. The facts are that last year ties sold at about 65 cents a bundle, and this season they are quoted at about $1.30. It is claimed by the manufacturers that during the past few seasons they have lost money because of being forced to sell below the cost of production.

THE QUESTION OF FUSION.

Jim Young Says the McKinley Electoral Ticket Will be Taken Down.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, July 24.—Jim Young says that he will support the Populist National ticket. He and Logue Harris say there is no doubt but that the McKinley electoral ticket will be taken down and fusion will result. There will be a big fight on taking down the electoral ticket at the Executive Committee meeting here August 11th.

Thanks the Chamber of Commerce.

Col. Bruton, commanding the Second regiment N. C. S. G., in general orders issued on the eve of the breaking up of the encampment at Wrightsville, says:

The thanks of the regimental commander are extended to the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce for their substantial aid rendered, by which the funds furnished by the State were supplemented, thus enabling the regiment to enjoy the benefits incident to Camp Nadal.

The store of C. W. Polvogt & Co. will be open all day. †

DO YOU TAKE IT?

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

Do you want a first class daily paper at $5.00 per year, or $1.25 for three months? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that is opposed to the single gold standard, that favors the free coinage of silver on an exact equality with gold, and that does not hesitate to speak its sentiments openly and fearlessly? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do you want a paper that prints the latest telegraphic news, the best local news, reliable market reports, excellent short stories, and the choicest miscellaneous matter? If so, subscribe to THE MORNING STAR.

Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

If you will invest $1.25 in a trial subscription of three months you will have ample opportunity to form a fair judgment of the merits of THE MORNING STAR.

PUGILISTIC EVENTS.

No Maher-Choynski Match—Slavin Ready to Meet Sheehy.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 23. — Peter Maher has concluded that he cannot arrange a match with Joe Choynski in this city. His manager, Connelly, says that the National Club has about given up hope of securing a permit, and unless some of the clubs that are in a position to hold an exhibition are willing to come to the front with a good offer very soon Maher will be off for New York.

TOLEDO, OHIO, July 23.—John J. Quinn, of Pittsburg, has telegraphed to Jack Byrn, manager of Sheeby, the heavyweight champion of the Northwest, that Frank Slavin, of Australia, will fight Sheeby if proper arrangements can be made.

BALTIMORE, July 23.—Patrick Cahill, of Jersey City, the ex-amateur middleweight champion of the world, has arrived in Baltimore and will second Martin Flaherty in his contest with Gans at the Eureka Athletic Club next Monday night. Flaherty is in excellent shape. He is accompanied every day by his brother Joseph, who is open to meet any one in the world at 130 pounds.

The Churches.

Grace Methodist E. Church, South, northeast corner of Grace and Fourth streets, Rev. R. A. Willis, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m and 8.15 p m. Experience meeting at 10 a m in the lecture room. Sunday school at 4.50 p m. Weekly prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday evening at 8.15 o'clock. Strangers and visitors are cordially invited to attend the services.

Fifth Street M. E. Church South, situated on Fifth street, between Nun and Church, Rev. W. L. Cunningim, Pastor. Services to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 8.15 p. m. by the pastor. Class meeting will be held at 3.30 p m. Sunday School at 4 p. m. The public cordially invited to all services.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church, corner Fourth and Campbell streets, Rev. Alex D. McClure, pastor. Sabbath services at 11 a. m and 8 15 p. m. Sabbath School at 4 p m. Prayer meeting and lecture Wednesday at 8.15 p m. The public cordially invited. Seats free.

South Side Baptist Church, corner Fifth and Wooster streets; Rev. J. B. Harrell, Pastor. Services Sunday at 11 a. m. and 5.00 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30 p m. Weekly Prayer Meeting Wednesday night at 8.00.

Chapel of the Good Shepard, Sixth and Queen streets. There will be the usual services on Sunday at 11 a m and 8 p m.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

My wife Winnie C. Cromwell and three children, Richard, William and Annie, have left my bed and board without my consent. All persons are hereby warned not to harbor or credit either of them on my account. Wm. Cromwell. July 20th, 1896. jy 21 3t tu th sa

Wanted—Your property on my list, if it is for sale. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public, 123 Princess street. ('Phone 256.) jy 19 tf

Wanted—A number of good people to call and see my fine line of Groceries. Watermelons and Cantalopes received fresh from the farm every day. Chas. D. Jacobs, 217½ North Front street. jy 11 tf

Hot Weather Photographs. That means you have to sit only one second for your Photographs during this hot weather. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. jn 28 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

WE OFFER FOR SALE THE FOLLOWING mentioned property:

Lot 50 by 65, on east side Dickinson's Alley, in Block 191, 148 feet north of Chesnut street.

Block 390, six full Lots, situated between Front and Second and Harnett and Bladen streets. Two houses upon this property, each containing six rooms.

Par. of Lots 2, 3 and 4, in Block 277, with frontage of 70 feet on Third street, running back westwardly 155 feet to Walker's Alley.

All of Lots 7 and 8, and parts of Lots 5 and 6, in Block 338, fronting on Harnett street and Front and Second streets.

Parts of Lots 3 and 4 in Block 304, fronting on Harnett between Second and Third streets.

For terms and particulars apply to
CRONLY & MORRIS,
July 23, 1896. 120 Princess street.
"Messenger" copy 1t 26. wed fr su jy 22 3t

HAZEL BLOOM.

This is the name of the brand of the best extract of

Witch Hazel

now on the market, and the price is 25 cents for pint, same as inferior Witch Hazel. For sale only by
JAMES D. NUTT,
jy 17 tf The Druggist.

For Rent,

COTTAGES

on CAROLINA BEACH. Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
my 19 tf Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASON'S FRUIT JARS.

BEST QUALITY—

Quarts 69c per dozen, half gallon 89c per dozen, complete with rubbers and wrench. Write for wholesale prices.

RUBBER RINGS

For Jars 5c dozen. Sold elsewhere at 10c dozen.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

25c, 39c, 48c, 69 and 98c; with two separate Collars 69c.

LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS—

With large sleeves 25c; 75c grade, laundered, 49c; $1 50 and $2 grades, excellent values and styles only 98c,

LAWNS AND DIMITIES,

12½ and 15c grade only 9c per yd; 32 inch Lawns for Wrappers, 5c per yard; Zephyr Ginghams, 5c per yrd; Figured Ducks, 9c per yard; Wash Linens, new styles, 7c per yard.

CLOTHING, CLOTHING,

25 per cent. off on any Suit in stock. $3 Suits $2.25, $5 Suits $3.75, $7 Suits $5.25, $12.50 Suits $9.38, others in proportion.

PANTS, PANTS,

Men's working Pants 48c, 65c and 90c. All Wool Black Cheviot 98c; $3.50 grades to close at $2 25.

Scrivan's Patent Seam Drawers 89 cents.

Bargains in Shoes and Slippers, Umbrellas and Trunks, Mattings and Window Shades.

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118.
Car Fare Paid on purchase of $3.00 and up.
jy 17 tf

THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

ap 3 tf

20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY

on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's

TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

No Old Stock,

But New Goods

that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.

Canvass Leggins at 75c.

Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

jy 7 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,

J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say. Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutually benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is necessary.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,
Successors to H. C. Evans.
Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. y 8 tf

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers
CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last and all the time, forever.

Daily, by Mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily & Sunday by Mail, $8 a year.

The Sunday Sun

is the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy. by Mail, $2 a year.
Address THE SUN,
dec 14tf NEW YOK.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at
ap 7 tf STAR OFFICE.

20 Per 'Cent. Discount.

WE WILL SELL, FOR CASH, UNTIL FURTHER notice, at the above discount, all Dry Goods and Carpets, Mattings, Rugs, Oilcloths, &c.

R. M. McINTIRE,
July 17, 1896. jy 17 till au 1

SUMMER RESORTS.

SPARKLING CATAWBA SPRINGS.

For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

OPEN JUNE 1st.

These justly celebrated Springs of North Carolina are beautifully located in the shade of the Blue Ridge—climate delightful, waters eminently curative for

Dyspepsia, Liver Disease, Vertigo, Spinal Affections, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Gravel, Diabetes, Kidney Affections, Chronic Cough, Asthma, Insomnia, Debility and Skin Diseases.

Hotel refitted and in good order. Write for terms.

Dr. E. O. Elliott & Son,

Sparkling Catawba Springs, N. C.
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Hotel Townsend,

RED SPRINGS, N. C.

THIS FAMOUS RESORT IS AT ALL TIMES open for the reception of guests.

The Mineral Springs,

Ten in number and all of different analyses, and are unsurpassed for medicinal virtues. No watering place on the Atlantic coast

Offers Superior Advantages

to those seeking rest and health. The large number of persons who have been

RESTORED TO HEALTH

after the virtues of the Mineral Water at this famous resort.

For particulars address
HOTEL TOWNSEND,
my 22 tf Red Springs, N. C.

SWEET CHALYBEATE SPRINGS,

Alleghany County, Va.

THESE CHARMING SPRINGS are situated in a lovely valley, ensconced in the

BACKBONE OF THE ALLEGHANIES, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, in the midst of the "Springs Region" of Virginia, and only nine miles from Alleghany Station—the highest point on the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway. Beef and mutton supplied from the finest blue grass sod. Vegetables in abundance, grown in the garden of the noted property. RATES MODERATE.

For further particulars, write
B. F. EAKLE, JR.,
je 16 tf Manager.

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OPEN JUNE 1, 1896 ELEVATION 2,000 feet. No fogs or mosquitoes Accommodations for over 1,000 guests. Rates reduced 50 per cent. Extensive improvements made this year will add greatly to the pleasure and comfort of visitors.

Send for handsomely illustrated catalogue.
JAMES A. FRAZIER,
my 29 tf Managing Receiver.

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BEDFORD CITY, Va., at the famous Peaks of Otter; summer, health and pleasure resort; most beautiful and pleasant place in the mountains of Virginia; MAGNIFICENT AND ELEGANTLY EQUIPPED HOTEL; lowest rates this year ever offered; write for booklet. Address
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Founded in 1839.

For Boys. The next Annual Session opens Wednesday, September 23, 1896.

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Notre Dame of Maryland.

College for Young Ladies and Preparatory School for Girls Regular and elective courses. Music and Art specialties Conducted by School Sisters of Notre Dame. Charles St Ave., Baltimore, Md.
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North Carolina College of Agriculture AND Mechanic Arts.

This College offers thorough courses in Agriculture, Mechanical, Civil and Electrical Engineering, and in Science. General academic studies supplement all these technical courses.

EXPENSES PER SESSION, INCLUDING BOARD:
For County Students, - - - $ 91 00
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DEPARTMENTS WELL EQUIPPED. 27 teachers, 444 regular students, besides practice school of 97 pupils. 930 matriculates since its opening in 1891. 58 of the 96 counties represented. Competitive examination at county seat August 1st, to fill free-tuition vacancies in dormitories. Application should be made before July 20th to enter the examination. No free tuition except to applicants signing a pledge to become teachers. Annual expenses of free-tuition students boarding in dormitories, $90; tuition-paying students, $130. Address President
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VIRGINIA MILITARY INSTITUTE,

LEXINGTON, VA.

58th Year. State Military, Scientific and Technical School. Thorough Courses in general and applied Chemistry, and in Engineering. Degrees conferred in course. Grad. V. M. I., and Bachelor Science; in Post Grad. courses, Master Science, Civil Engineer. All expenses, including clothing and incidentals, provided at rate of $36 50 per month as an average for the four years, exclusive of outfit.
GEN. SCOTT SHIPP, Superintendent,
jy 15 19t tu th sa

Fish Kegs.

500 New Fish Kegs.
700 Bags Salt.
400 Reams Paper.
500 Pounds Paper Twine.
400 Pounds Cotton Twine.
225 Bundles Bags.
175 Bundles Butter Dishes.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water street,
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School Books,

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State Headquarters for

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adopted by the counties of North Carolina.

We are the largest dealers in

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Send your orders to us and save FREIGHT and CASING.

Liberal Discounts.

Prompt attention.

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UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

ELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.10.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5 00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colore , $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $2 50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5 10 p m 7 15 p m

Leave Ocean View 7 30 a. m., 11 00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p m, 10 p m.

On and after July 15th there will be no 12.30 p. m. freight train on the W. S. C. R. R. Freight will be carried at 6.30 a m, 10.10 a. m and 5 10 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m, 2.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m, 7 p m

SPECIAL TRAIN DURING ENCAMPMENT

Between Ocean View and Greenville.
Leave Ocean View 8 30 a. m.
Leave Greenville 9 00 a. m.
Arrive Ocean View 9.45 a. m.

Between Ocean View and Wilmington.
Leave Ocean View 7 20 p. m.
Arrive Wilmington 8.15 p. m.
Leave Wilmington 10 30 p. m.
Arrive Ocean View 11 15 p. m.

jy 18 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

1896 Turnip Seed 1896.

New Crop, Large Stock,

Low Prices.

Country orders solicited.

J. H. Hardin

SEEDSMAN,
jy 19 tf New Market.

250 BOXES TOBACCO.

200 Cadies Tobacco,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street.
jy 21 tf Wilmington, N. C.

At The Unlucky Corner,
S. W. SANDERS,
The price is down also, 12½c a Can.
This ad about 3-lb. Pears is upside down.

PEARS.
3-lb. Can Pears, 3-

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1896

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT:
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "You tell us the great cities are in favor of the gold standard. Burn down your great cities and leave your farms, and your cities will grow up again. But destroy our farms and the grass will grow in every city of the Union."—From Wm. J. Bryan's speech before Democratic National Convention.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina."—*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

THE CALAMITY HOWLERS ANSWERED.

The advocates of the perpetuation of the gold standard pretend to fear or do fear that the free coinage of silver would prove a dreadful calamity to this country; that it would injure the farmer, the wage earner, the manufacturer, the capitalist—in fact, everybody—drive gold out of the country and reduce us to a silver basis, as China, Japan, Mexico and some of the Central and South American countries are. While thus asserting, if they be sincere, the asserters are influenced by their fears and by assumptions which have no tangible foundation.

There are many financiers in this country, some of whom have great reputations, whether they have been deservedly acquired or not, and among them there is a great divergence of views on the financial question, but among them there is none who has given the subject of bimetallism a more unselfish, impartial and thorough study than William P. St. John, who for some years was President of the Merchants' National Bank, of New York, which position he held until the beginning of this month, but then resigned because the directors objected to his identifying himself so closely with the free coinage cause, espousing it so warmly and taking such an active interest in it. The fact that he resigned a position which paid him $18,000 a year is presumptive proof that he is entirely sincere and thoroughly honest in the position he takes as the advocate of the free and unlimited coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. Noticing some of the objections that are made to it by the gold standard advocates, which we have briefly alluded to above, Mr. St. John, in an address he delivered at the Silver Convention in St. Louis Wednesday, answered them as follows:

The fountain head of our prosperity has run dry. Our farmers all over the country have endured the depression in prices until they get $8 or $9 per acre for an expenditure of $10 per acre, and the like. Their credit is exhausted at their country stores. The country stores ceases to order from the city merchant, the city merchant reduces his demand upon the manufacturer. Manufactures are curtailed. The consequence is that employes and all elements of labor are being discharged, and wages are lowered to those who continue in employment. The sufferings of the farmer, who constitue nearly one-half of our population, is thus enforced upon the city merchant, the manufacturer and all forms of labor. These combined elements constitute the overwhelming majority of voters. Their intelligent conclusion will be felt when expressed at the polls.

The banker also is without prosperity unless prosperity is general throughout the United States. He must learn to distinguish between cheap money and money commanding a low rate of interest. The dollar worth two bushels of wheat is a dear dollar and yet it commands interest in Wall street at present of but two per cent. per annum on call. If the dollar can be cheapened by increasing the number of dollars, so that each dollar will buy less wheat the increasing price of wheat will increase the demand for dollars to invest in its production. Then the borrower of dollars to invest in the production of wheat being reasonably sure of a profit from that employment of the money can afford to pay interest for its use as a part of his profit. In other words, interest is a share of the profit on the employment of money. So that abundant money, money readily obtainable, which is to say really cheap money, is the money which commands a high rate of interest, as a share of the profit of the borrower in using it.

The opposition threatens us with a flood of Europe's silver upon our reopened mints. We answer, Europe has no silver but for silver money. Her silver money values silver money at from three cents to seven cents on the dollar higher than ours. Hence the European merchant or banker must sacrifice from three to seven per cent. of his full legal tender money in order to recoin it at our mints. Europe's silverware, like America's silverware, carries in it the additional value of labor and the manufacturers' profit.

They threaten us with a flood of silver from the far East. We answer that the course of silver is invariably Eastward and never toward the West. British India is a perpetual sink of silver absorbing it, never to return, by from thirty to sixty millons dollars worth every year. And India's absorption of silver will be enlarged by the steadiness of price for silver fixed by our reopened mints.

They threaten us with a "sudden retirement of $600,000,000 with the accompanying panic, causing contraction and commercial disaster unparalleled." We answer that our total stock of gold other than about $10,000,000 or $15,000,000 circulating on the Pacific coast is already in retirement. Practically all our gold is in the United States Treasury or held by banks. The gold in the Treasury will remain there if the Secretary avails himself of his option to redeem United States notes in silver. The gold in the banks constitutes the quiet and undisturbed portion of their reserves against their liabilities. It will continue to do money duty as such reserves after free coinage for silver is enacted. Hence a premium on it will not contract the currency. The utmost possible contraction of the currency will be the few millions circulating on the Pacific coast and this will be retired but slowly.

A similar threat of a flight of gold was made for the Bland act of 1878. President Hayes was urged to veto it, but Congress passed it over the veto. Instead of a flight of gold as had been predicted, we gained by importation $4,000,000 for the first year, $70,000,000 the next and $90,000,000 the third year. During the twelve years that the act was on the statute books we gained $221,000,000 of foreign gold. Instead of the destruction of our credit abroad, as had been predicted, the United States four per cent. loan, which stood at 101 on the day of the enactment, sold at 120 per cent. within three years, and at 130 per cent. subsequently. Instead of defeating the resumption of specie payments on January first of the following year, the $24,000,000 silver dollars which were coined in 1878 and circulated by means of silver certificates, reduced the demand upon the Government for gold. Hence the threat of disaster now is without historic foundation.

This is a brief but a comprehensive answer to the calamity predicers, not from a tyro in finances or a mere theorist, but from a man whose ability as a financier is universally recognized and conceded by those who differ from him on this question, and one, too, who, as we have stated above, has given this subject long, laborious and conscientious study.

MINOR MENTION.

Mr. Matthew Marshall is the financial writer for the New York *Sun*, gold organ, which bolted the Chicago platform and ticket on the money question and now shines for Hanna and McKinley. In last Monday's issue there is an article by him from which the following extract is made:

To the farmer and the planter these additional millions which the silver standard would give them are no doubt very enticing. Doubling a man's income is a pleasant thing to him. But what of doubling his expenses? The cotton planter would get twice as much for his cotton as he now gets, but he would pay twice as much for his corn, his pork, his clothing, and his fertilizers. The farmer, in turn, who got twice as much for his wheat, his beef and his pork, would pay twice as much for his coffee, his tea, his sugar, his clothes, his farming tools, and his other supplies. Very soon, too, his hired men would exact from him double the wages he is now paying them, and, at the end of the year, his doubled income would be wofully depleted. As for the mass of people, living upon wages and salaries, they would have either to strike for more pay or reduce their style of living.

On the assumption that Mr. Marshall is right in what he herein says, the logical deduction is that it doesn't make a particle of difference to the farmer or to any one else whether money be abundant or scarce, whether the planter got 10 cents or 5 cents a pound for his cotton, the wheat grower $1 or 50 cents a bushel for his wheat, or the wage-earner whether he got $2 or $1 a day for his labor, because as the prices of farm products and of labor go up the prices of everything else goes up, and everybody is in exactly the same situation they were before. With due respect to Mr. Marshall this is simply the climax of ridiculous nonsense. But if we were to concede that the price of everything else would go up correspondingly with the price of farm products does it follow that the farmer would not be a gainer thereby? Does it necessarily follow that he must spend all he makes? Can't he economize, if he feels disposed to do so, and thus have more money in his pocket to pay his debts, taxes, and improve his farm as he would like to do? But whether he did or not, wouldn't he feel better when he had two dollars to spend to the one he has now? Our impression is that he would be a decidedly simple-mind farmer who wouldn't take his chances on the experiment.

***

Mr. Whitney, of New York, seems to be quite alarmed and very much distressed because Mark Hanna and his associates who are engineering the McKinley campaign have failed to grasp the true inwardness of the situation, and tumble to the kicking contingent who bolted the Chicago ticket, as he thinks they should have done. Perhaps he has realized by this time that the McKinley managers have been counting upon absorbing the aforesaid contingent without any preliminaries to make the swallowing more pleasant to the swallowed. But what does Mr. Whitney expect the McKinley managers to do? Haven't they declared for gold and while doing so incorporated into their platform Mr. Whitney's bimetallism on "international agreement." That's exactly what Mr. Whitney and those who pulled with him at Chicago wanted the Democrats to do, and therefore we can't see what fault he has to find with that part of the Republican platform. It is in entire accord with Mr. Whitney. Does he expect them to squelch the tariff business? If so his demand would be unreasonable for that would discredit McKinley who was nominated as the ideal representative and champion of protection. They won't do that; in fact we can't see how they can do any more than they have done to secure the co operation of the Whitney faction, which will either be compelled to swallow McKinley just as he is, go fishing on election day, go through the farce of putting another ticket in the field or accept the Chicago ticket, which would be the loyal and patriotic thing for them to do, and which in our opinion the large majority of them will do when they catch on to the Republican game.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— Complaint is made that Bryan has no executive ability. Well, he has never had to have his real estate "wound up" by his friends. This is what the Hanna trust did for McKinley.—*Atlanta Constitution, Dem.*

—— Mr. Hanna's plan of campaign is to make the financial question the issue until the gold Democrats are all enrolled under the banner of McKinley, and then shift back to the tariff. For a plain business man Mr. Hanna is rapidly acquiring the tricks of the politicians.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

—— Mr. Hanna needs to hump himself, to meet Bryan's hot campaign. If, however, Mr. Hanna thinks he can stop the free silver wild fire in sixty days and then devote the remainder of the campaign to the tariff, he is going to find himself a sadly disappointed man. There is no room in the current campaign for the tariff issue, and there will be none. Mr. Hanna had as well recognize the fact first as last.—*Savannah News (gold), Dem.*

—— A great and old-established, as well as opulent carpet manufacturing firm, in Philadelphia, has closed its doors, throwing 5,000 men out of employment. The people, under the gold standard, cannot buy carpets even at a bargain. Workmen thrown out of employment are not worrying about the kind of money in which wages are to be paid. They will vote for Bryan and free coinage the advance agents of an old-fashioned prosperity when cotton was $50 a bale and wheat $1 a bushel. *Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Mrs. Flighty fired a pistol and killed a burglar."

"How odd. Did you hear what she aimed at?"—*Chicago Herald.*

— With a deft movement the savage damsel removed her nosering and substituted for it the pneumatic tire the waves had cast ashore.

"Talk," she exclaimed, "about your bicycle face! Say!"—*Detroit Tribune.*

— "It must be lonely for you at home, Jorkins, while your wife is at the seashore."

"Lonely? My dear fellow, it's so lonely that I haven't been home an evening since my wife left."—*Detroit Free Press*

— "The butcher offered me his hand this morning," said the hired girl.

"Indeed?'

"Yes'm; he tried to sell it to me with the steak, but I made him take it off the scales."—*Cincinnati Enquirer.*

—Hobson—Your daughter must be improving in her piano lessons.

Dobson—Have you heard her?

Hobson—No; but I understand the neighbors don't close their windows any more when she is playing.—*Commercial Advertiser.*

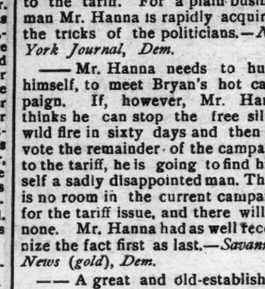
—"Stable keeper (referring to robe)—"By the way, shall I put in a buffalo? The ride over the mountains will be a little stiff."

English Blood—"Couldn't you let me 'ave a 'orse, you know I rather not drive a buffalo the first time, you know."—*Washington Evening Times.*

— Raleigh *News and Observer*: Mr. Wm. J. Andrews has been made secretary to Minister Ransom and attache of the Mexican legation, to succeed Mr. Robert Ransom, who has been appointed second secretary of legatiob. Mr. Andrews left Monday for Mexico with Gen. Ransom and Mr. Robert Ransom.

Full Details Gladly Given.

A Railroad Official's Experience.



MR. EDWARD EDMONDS, long connected with railroad construction in Nebraska, writes: "My heart troubled and pained me for 19 years. Shortness of breath was the constant and most common symptom. Intense, excruciating pain, generally followed any severe exertion. Faintness, hunger without any appetite; fluttering that made me clutch my breast, and palpitation that often staggered me as if I would fall, were frequent attacks. Again, everything would turn black if I arose from a stooping posture quickly. Sleepless nights with their prostrating unrest were numerous and I could get no rest day or night. I consulted leading physicians and tried advertised remedies. They gave me no relief. One of Dr. Miles' circulars described my case so exactly that I took Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure and I am now a well man. I hope every one troubled with heart disease will try Dr. Miles' remedies. If they will write me personally, I will gladly give them full details of my experience." EDW. EDMONDS.

P. O. Box 65, David City, Nebraska.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure
Restores Health.....

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee that first bottle benefits or money refunded.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS, CURE All Pain "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists, Change.
June 15 1y sa tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Durham *Sun*: Charles Manley, a yellow negro, was arrested and locked up this morning. It is thought that he is connected with the death of Farrington, the workhouse guard. It is said that the evidence against him is prettty strong. The negro woman, Wilson, who is in jail, told the authorities, so it is said, that he assisted in the killing of Mr. Farrington.

— Chatham *Record*: The many friends of Mr. William P. Hadley, of Hickory Mountain township, will regret to hear of his death, will regret to hear of his death, which occurred on last Saturday. He was one of Chatham's oldest and most respected citizens, having reached the ripe old age of 87 years.

A citizen or this county, whose wife died a few years ago, placed a tombstone on her grave which is intended for both him and her. On it is his name and the date of his birth, and a blank space is left for the date of his death, which will be filled when he dies.

— Charlotte *News*: A special to the *News* this afternoon says: Jos P. Myers, who was arrested here yesterday, is now in the tombs. His nerves are unstrung, but he is resigned, penitent, and even good natured, and blames only himself for his downfall. He cast no stone at the woman in the case. He admits that he has been dazed, scarcely realizing what he was doing, but says he should have kept his head. He will not resist extradition, and prefers to go back with his troubles to his friends. The Bisonette woman has not been arrested, as there is no charge against her. Myers expects to be extradited shortly.

— Columbus *News*: Highway robbery has been a thing unknown in this county in recent years, but John Anderson claims that he was robbed of $35.24 about a mile and a half below the depot, while on his way home from Whiteville last Monday night. Daniel R. Norris is the man he charges with the robbery, as well as what may prove to be a murder. We hear that both of these parties were under the influence of liquor. Anderson says that when they got about a mile and a half below the depot Norris asked him how much money he had, and he replied that he had enough to pay the fare of two men to Georgia, and that Norris then jumped on him and kicked him severely and cut him just below the upper joint of his right thigh. The stab is a very dangerous one and may prove fatal. Anderson thought Monday night that he was going to die and had Squire Manuel Wright sent for to take his dying deposition charging Norris with facts stated above. He is still alive, however, as we go to press.

Committees on Prizes for Summer Sports

are respectfully requested to consider the results accomplished by the GORHAM MANUFACTURING CO., in preparing designs in Solid Silver for all manner of Emblematical Cups, and other articles to be offered as Trophies, etc. The immense resources of the largest Silverworks in the world have been drawn upon to produce something worthy of attention, as any first-class jeweler will demonstrate.

Too good for Dry Goods Stores—Jewelers only.

APPOINTMENTS WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Columbus circuit, Wootens, July 25, 26

Brunswick circuit, Zion, August 1, 2

Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 2.

Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, August 8.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, August 9, 10.

Waccamaw circuit, Lebanon, August 10.

Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.

Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.

Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.

Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.

Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.

Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

Only the sufferer knows the misery of dyspepsia, but Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the most stubborn cases of this disease. †

The Reason of It.

It took place in a little overgrown town in the far west.

The man from the east had waited for two hours and 17 minutes for an electric car.

When it arrived at last, and he had climbed aboard, he asked the conductor as he paid his fare, "No accidents this morning?"

"None, sir," replied the official.

"Running on schedule time?"

"We are."

"Nothing the matter with the generators?"

"Not a tiling."

The questioner paused a moment. Then he asked, "Well, would you mind telling me just how far apart these dashed cars run, then?"

"Not at all, sir!" replied the man in blue. "Every 17 miles."

"Every 17 miles?" repeated the easterner. "How do you mean?"

"Track's 17 miles long, and this is the only car."

Then the man from the east was satisfied.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

A Plain Woman.

Tramp (at the door)—If ye please, lady—Mrs. Muggs (sternly)—There, that will do. I am tired of this everlasting whine of "Lady, lady." I am just a plain woman, and"—

Tramp—You are, maddim—one of the plainest women I ever seen, an one of the honestest to own up to it.—Exchange.

Forgiven.

"Aren't you the same beggar that I gave half a pie to last week?"

"I guess I am, mum, but I'm willin to let bygones be bygones. It ain't in my heart to bear no malice."—Indianapolis Tribune.

In the Indian Territory only 175 persons are engaged in manufacturing, their annual output being $248,989.

YANKEE PRINCESSES.

WOMEN BORN IN AMERICA WHO NOW WEAR EUROPEAN TITLES.

There Are Eighteen In This Class, and All but One Have Entered It Through Wedlock—Not All of These Daughters of Uncle Sam Have Found Happiness In Titles.

Accustomed though the Americans are to see the daughters of Uncle Sam become the matrimonial prey of foreign noblemen, it will doubtless be news to many of them that there are no less than 18 women born on this side of the Atlantic bearing the title of princess.

Of these only one is what is known in court phraseology as a princess in her own right. She is the princess of Noer, now the wife of the Prussian field marshal Count Waldersee. All the other American born princesses have become so only by marrying princes, and those whose titles are either of German or Austrian origin have a right to the predicate of serene highness.

One of the most important, as far as rank is concerned, is Princess Lynar, formerly Miss May Parsons of Elmenhurst, O. She was married some 25 years ago to the late Prince Alexander Lynar, an officer of the German army, and since then has made her home at the castle of Lubbennu, near Merzeburg, in Prussia, devoting herself to the education of her daughter and two sons.

The Princess Camporeale, who also bears the title of Duchess of Aldragans, is the daughter of John Blaney of Burlington, N. J., and married her present husband after obtaining a divorce from Thomas Kingsland of New York. The Prince of Camporeale was formerly in the diplomatic service and spent several years attached to the Italian mission at Washington.

Another Italian princess hailing from the United States is the stepdaughter of John Mackay of bonanza and Commercial cable fame. She is married to Don Ferdinand Colonna, prince of Galatro, prince of Pallano and prince of Stigliano, as well as a Spanish grandee of the first class. The union has turned out unhappily, and after several extremely sensational episodes, including a flight by the princess to America with her children, the couple have separated and are now living apart.

Even more ancient in lineage than the Colonnas are the Cencis, the head of which illustrious house, Don Virginius, prince of Vicovaro, is married to Miss Eleanore Spencer, daughter of Lorillard Spencer of New York. The family traces its ancestry in direct line back to Marco Cincio, who was prefect of Pisa in the year 457 B. C., and the Cencis can likewise boast of having furnished several popes of the Catholic church.

There are two American Princesses Ruspoli, and while one forms part of what is known as the black, or papal, nobility the other belongs to the monarchical party. Thus Don Emmanuel, prince of Ruspoli, deputy in the Italian parliament and mayor of the city of Rome, is married to Miss Josephine Mary Curtis, daughter of Joseph B. Curtis of Boston, while Prince Alexander Ruspoli has as his wife a daughter of Thomas Capel Broadwood of New York. The branch of the house to which Prince Alexander belongs holds the hereditary dignity of grand chamberlain to his holiness the pope.

Besides the two Princesses Ruspoli above mentioned and who reside at Rome there are two others who may likewise be described as Americans—namely, the wife of Prince Paolo Ruspoli, who was the widow of Joseph K. Riggs of Washington, and Princess Marie Ruspoli, wife of the former secretary of the Italian embassy at Washington and daughter of the divorced Marquise de Talleyrand, nee Bessie Curtis of Boston.

To Miss Consuleo Vanderbilt belongs the double distinction of being an English duchess and a princess of the holy Roman empire, the latter title having been conferred upon the first Duke of Marlborough by the Austrian emperor of the day as a recognition of his victories over the French. The title is that of Princess Mindelheim, and the coat of arms of the Marlborough family will be found surmounted not only by the strawberry leaved ducal coronet of Great Britain, but also by the princely crown of Austria.

Miss Winneretta Singer may be described as twice a princess. Her first husband was the Prince de Scey-Montbellard, from whom she managed to secure a divorce, and she is now the wife of Prince Edmund de Polignac, so widely known in France for his musical compositions. The wealth of the princess comes to her by inheritance from her father, the great sewing machine manufacturer.

Two American girls bear the title of Princess Poniatowski, not altogether justly so, since their husbands, although they bear the historic name of Poniatowski, are not Polish Princes Poniatowski, but mere Italian Princes of Monte Rotundo. One of the Princesses Poniatowski is Catharine, daughter of Eli Goddard of New York, and the other was a Miss Bertha Sperry, likewise of this city.

Nor should the name of Princess Hatzfeldt be omitted from the list. She is the daughter of Mr. Collis P. Huntington, the California railroad magnate, and married Prince Francis Hatzfeldt, head of the senior branch of the very illustrious house of that name. The Hatzfeldts hold high rank at the German court, the chief of the house being grand cupbearer of the realm, and they are connected by marriage with nearly all the great houses of the German, French and Austrian aristocracy.

The daughter of Thomas Davis of New York bears the title of princess and duchess of Lante Monfeltrio della Rovere and of duchess of San Croce. Her husband is likewise a Spanish grandee of the first class and owns a beautiful place near Viterbe, in Italy. The princess was a great heiress and owns large pieces of property on Nassau, Pine, Broad and other down town streets of New York.

The list may be completed with the name of the Duchess de Dino, princess de Talleyrand-Perigord, who is the divorced wife of Frederick Livingston of New York. She was married in 1887 to Maurice de Talleyrand-Perigord, duc de Dino, like herself a divorcee, his first wife having been Miss Bessie Curtis of Boston; by that of Princess Yturbide, daughter of J. Greene of Georgetown, D. C., and wife of Prince Angel de Yturbide, the adopted son and heir of the late Emperor Maximilian of Mexico, and by the Princess de Suzannet, daughter of Hickson Field of New York.—New York Journal.

Fully Explained.

"What is the reason that the top drawer of a boarding house bureau will never either open or shut?" asked the newly arrived guest.

"Possibly," answered her friend, "it is due to the quality of the board."—Westchester Globe.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

All Free.

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery know its value, and those who have not, have now the opportunity to try it Free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a Trial Bottle, Free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Nervous

People find just the help they so much need, in Hood's Sarsaparilla. It furnishes the desired strength by purifying, vitalizing and enriching the blood, and thus builds up the nerves, tones the stomach and regulates the whole system. Read this:

"I want to praise Hood's Sarsaparilla. My health run down, and I had the grip. After that, my heart and nervous system were badly affected, so that I could not do my own work. Our physician gave me some help, but did not cure. I decided to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. Soon I could do all my own housework. I have taken

Cured

Hood's Pills with Hood's Sarsaparilla, and they have done me much good. I will not be without them. I have taken 13 bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and through the blessing of God, it has cured me. I worked as hard as ever the past summer, and I am thankful to say I am well. Hood's Pills when taken with Hood's Sarsaparilla help very much." MRS. M. M. MESSENGER, Freehold, Penn.

This and many other cures prove that

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills act easily, promptly and effectively. 25 cents.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

—Goldsboro *Argus*: His hosts of friends in this city sympathize deeply with Capt. J. W. Lamb in the death of his venerable father, Mr. Geo. W. Lamb, which occurred at his home at Chinquepin last Saturday, in the 70th year of his age.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 lb Jute		@	6
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ₩ lb	12	@	14
Sides ₩ lb	6	@	7
Shoulders ₩ lb	6	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, lb		@	4¼
Shoulders ₩ lb		@	4¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ₩ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ₩ lb	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—₩ bundle		@	
CANDLES—₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE—₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—₩ lb—			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	14	@	18
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	3½	@	4
Yarns ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—₩ dozen	9	@	11½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	23 00
Mackerel, No 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 00	@	3 50
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N C Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
" extra	3 35	@	3 50
FLOUR—₩ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 00
Choice	3 25	@	3 25
Straight	4 15	@	4 50
First Patent	4 45	@	4 47
GLUE—₩ lb		@	
GRAIN—₩ bushel—			
Corn, in store, bags—White	43½	@	45
Corn, in bulk—White		@	44½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White		@	33
Oats, from store	33½	@	32½
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	3	@	3¼
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	5	@	6
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (if sawed), ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff rewsawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls	14	@	15
Syrup in bbls	18	@	
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 45
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess	8 50	@	9 00
Rump	8 50	@	9 00
Prime	8 50	@	8 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	12
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@	65
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
On 125 ₩ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 65	@	2 35
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Granu'd	5¾	@	5
Standard A		@	4¾
White Ex. C		@	4¾
Ext'a C, Golden	4	@	4¼
C Yellow		@	3
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	10 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 10	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 10	@	2 00
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	13	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 23 cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and dull at 21 cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 33½ per bbl for Strained and $1 37½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market quiet at $1 10 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1.30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1 80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 25@34½c; rosin, strained, $1 20; good strained $1 25; tar $1 30; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 70, 2 20.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	188
Rosin	777
Tar	216
Crude Turpentine	40

Receipts same day last year—198 casks spirits turpentine, 695 bbls rosin, 89 bbls tar, 133 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market nominal and nothing doing. Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—0 bales; same day last year, 00.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six inch, $2.50 to 3 50; seven inch, $3 50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

WEEKLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For week ended July 24, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
10	645	5,827	863	225

RECEIPTS.

For week ended July 26, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
22	1,468	4,085	642	555

EXPORTS

For week ended July 24, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	514	638	250	785	207
Foreign	0.0	0.0	5,625	000	00
	514	638	5,875	785	20

EXPORTS.

For week ended July 26, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	170	1,035	467	486	510
Foreign	0.0	1,140	1,600	1,600	000
	170	2,175	2,067	2,067	510

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, July 24, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat	Total.
Cotton	4,008	38	4,046
Spirits	1,048	266	1,314
Rosin

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City.

What is

Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C·A·S·T·O·R·I·A

POZZONI'S
COMPLEXION POWDER
has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.
POZZONI'S
is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.
With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.
AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.
feb 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE
IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."
Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with the unfortunate of men!
The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.
A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.
To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.
To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.
To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.
Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.
The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.
A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:
"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"
And another thus:
"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."
Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N.Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.
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The Morning Star.

TO BARBARA—A STUDY IN HEREDITY.

Rover o'er the ocean blue,
What has he to do with you?

Only this: He sailed one day
To your Massachusetts bay,
And this voyage was his last,
For love seized and held him fast.
Of that old romance of his
None can tell you more than this,
Saving that, as legacies
To his child, he left his eyes,
Black as the obsidian stone,
With a luster all their own,
Seeing as by magic ken
Deep into the hearts of men.
And mid tides of changing years,
Dreams and hopes and cares and fears,
Life that flows and ebbs alway,
Love has kept them loyally.

Once, it chanced, they came to shine,
Straight into this heart of mine.

Little lady, cease your play
For a moment, if you may.
All I ask is, silently,
Turn your mother's eyes on me!
—D. S. Jordan in Popular Science Monthly.

TUCSON JENNIE.

"'Whyever ain't I a married man?' says you.' So spake the old cattleman as he settled himself in a chair. The question had just been asked him.

"Well," he continued, reflectively, puffing his pipe, "I was dispisitioned that away when I'm a colt. But that's a long time ago, an I ain't in line for no such gymnastics no more. Mos. Yo're years is 'way agin it; likewise females. You've got to ketch folks young to marry 'em. After they gets to be 30 years they goes slowly to the altar. If you make out to marry a man after he's 30, you has to blindfold him an back him in. Females, of course, ain't so obdurate.

"No; I s'pose this yere bein married is a heap habit, same as tobacco an bug juice. A man takes a hand early; it's all right—way good game, I makes no sort of doubt. But let him get to posterin round in the forties an him not begun none yet, he don't marry nothin. Of course there is people that sordid they takes to layin for some woman's stack, wharby they even makes such a desperate play as marryin her to win; but me an you don't discuss no low games like that.

"Bar a onexplainable difference with the girl's old man, I s'pose I'd be all married right now. I was maybe 20 them times. It was 'way back in Tennes'ee. This girl was a nice, luscious girl—corn fed too. They all lives about 11 miles from me, out on the Pine Knot pike, an once in two weeks I saddles up an goes over. Thar was jest her old man an mother an her in the family, an it's that far I allers made to stay all night. Thar was only two beds, an so I put to camp along of the old man, the times I stays. I was 'way bashful an behind on all social plays an plenty awestruck about the old folks. I never feel happy a minute where they are. The old lady allers does her best to make me easy an free too. Comes out when I rides up an allers lets down the bars for my hoss an asks me to rest my hat the second I'm in the door.

"Well, matters go on good enuf until maybe the eighth time I'm thar. I remembers the night all perfect. Final' I gets to sleep a-layin along the edge of the bed, almin to keep 'way from the old man, who's snorin an thrashin round an takin on over in the middle.

"I don't recall nuthin until I comes to a-holdin to the old man's y'ear with one hand an a-hammerin of his features with t'other. I don't know yet why—I s'pose I gets to a-thowin he's tryin to kill me.

"Well, son, it's 'way back a long time, but I shudder yet when I recall that old man's language. I jumps up the second I realizes things, grabs my raiments, an gettin my hoss out of the lot goes p'intin down the pike more'n a mile 'fore I stops to dress. The last I sees of the old man he's pitchin an tossin, an the females a-holdin of him an reachin to get a Hawkin's rifle as hangs over the door. I never goes back no more, 'cause he's mighty vindictive about it. He tries to make it a gran jury matter next con't time.

"You can't tell much about women. There was a girl who surprises us once in a way out in Wolfville. Mis' Rucker, who runs the O. K. restaurant, gets this female from Tucson to fry flapjacks an salt hoss an he'p her deal her little gastronomic game. This yere girl's name is Jennie—Tucson Jennie. She seems a nice, good girl, too, an in less'n two weeks there's half the camp jest whinin to marry her. It affects business, it's that bad—almost changes the channels of trade. Cherokee Hall tells me there ain't half the money gets changed in at faro as usual, an the New York store reports men goin broke again' b'iled shirts an similar deadfalls daily. Of course this yere first frenzy subsides a whole lot after a month.

"If Jennie notices it, I don't know, but she never tips her head to nobody, jest shoves these foolish youths their daily beans an ignores all winks an looks complete. At last one of the various hands goes in the discard, an the boys, gettin discouraged, shoves back an quits. Final' they're all out but two, an one of them was never in so far as himse'f or any one else ever sees. These yere is Tutt an a man named Jim Wallace. Tutt is tall an good lookin enuf, but backward an bashful. No one ever detects him once lookin, an I don't think he does. He confides in me all quiet after the smoke cl'ars away that he never thinks of it.

"But Wallace is different. He sets in to win Jennie hard an heavy an tries to crowd the game an get action for his money. It looks like he's doo to make the trip too. Miss Rucker is backin his play, and Jennie herself sorter lets him set round in the kitchen an watch her work, which this yere is license an rot itself compared with how she treats others. Occasionally some of us sorter tries to stack up for Wallace an see whar he stands with the game.

"'How's it goin Wallace?' Enright asks one day.

"'It's too many for me,' says Jim. 'Sometimes I thinks I corrals her, an then agin it looks like I ain't in it. Jest now I'm feelin some dejected.'

"'Something oughter be schemed to settle this yere,' says Enright. 'It keeps the camp in a fever an may get serious.'

"'If somebody would only prance in,' says Doc Peets, 'an shoot Jim up some, you'd have her easy. Females is like a rabbit in a bush pile—you has to shake things up a lot to make 'em come out. Now, if Jim was dyin an she cares for him, she's shorely goin to show her hand.'

"I wants to pause right yere to observe Doc Peets was the smartest an best educated man I ever sees in my life, an what he don't know about squaws in valueless information! But to proceed:

"'That's right,' says Cherokee Hall, 'but of course it ain't goin to de to shoot Jim none.'

"'I don't know,' says Jim. 'I stands creasin a little too quick if I'm shore it fetches her.'

"'What for a game,' says Cherokee, 'would it be to jest play like Jim was shot?

Wouldn't that make her come a-runnin same as if it was shore enuf?'

"'I don't see why not,' says Enright.

"Well, the idea gains ground, an at last gets to be quite a conspir'cy. It's settled we plays it, with Dave Tutt to do the shootin.

"An we makes the game complete,' says Jack Moore, 'by grabbin Dave immediate an ropin of him before the committee, which convenes all reg'lar an decorous in the Red Light saloon a-purpose, an we all lines out like we're goin to hang him for the killin. Otherwise it don't look nacheral no how, an she shorely detects it's a bluff.'

"So we gets things all ready, an in the middle of the afternoon when Jennie is draggin her lariat around loose an nothin much to do—'cause we ain't aimin to disturb her none in her dooties touchin them flapjacks an salt hoss—we all gets over in the New York store an lays Jim on some boxes an a wagon cover over him for a corpse.

"Cl'ar things out of the way along by Jim's head,' says Moore, who was takin a big interest. 'We wants to fix things so Jen gets at him easy. You hayr me? She's goin to come when she gets the news.'

"When everything's ready Tutt Moore, who concloods it's well to have a good deal of shootin, bangs away with his guns about four times apiece.

"'Jest shootin once or twice,' says Moore, 'might arouse her suspicions. It would be over a heap too quick for the real thing.'

"The minute the shootin is ceased we all takes Tutt an surges over to the Red Light to try him, a-pendin of which Dan Boggs sa'nters over to the O. K. restaurant an remarks all casool an carelesslike:

"'Dave Tutt downs Jim Wallace a minute back—good, clean gun play as ever I sees too. Mighty big credit to both boys, this yere is. No shootin up the scenery an the bystanders, nor sech slobberin wark, but everything goes straight to centers.'

"'Whar is he?' says Jennie, lookin breathless an sick.

"'Jim's remainder is in the New York store,' says Dan.

"'Is he hurt?' she gasps.

"'I don't reckon he hurts none now, 'cause he's done fluttered from the perch. Why, girl, he's dead—18 bullets, caliber 45, plumb through him.'

"'No, but Dave; is Dave shot?' Tucson Jennie says, a-wringin of her small paws.

"'Now, don't you go to feelin discouraged none,' says Dan, beginnin to feel sorry for her. 'We fixes the wretch so his murderin spirit won't be an hour behind Jim's gettin in. The strangles has him in the Red Light makin of plans to stretch him right now.'

"We had just consoomed drinks all round, an Enright was in the chair, an we're busy settin up a big front about hearin the case, when Tucson Jennie, with a screme as scares up surroundin things to sech a limit that five ponies hops out of the corral an flies, comes chargin into the Red Light, an the next instant she drifts round Tutt's neck like so much snow.

"'What for a game do you call this, anyhow?' says Moore, who's a heap scandalized. 'Is this yere malden playin this camp?'

"'She plumb locoed with grief,' says Dan Boggs, who follows her in, 'an she's done got 'em mixed in her mind. She thinks Dave is Wallace.'

"'That's it,' says Cherokee. 'Her mind's stamped with the shock. Me an Moore takes her over to Jim's corpse, an that's shore to revive her.' An with that Cherokee an Moore goes up to lead her away.

"'Save him, Mr. Enright, save him!' she pleads, still clingin to Tutt's neck like the loop of a lariat. 'Don't let 'em hang him! Save him for my sake!'

"'Hold on, Jack,' says Enright, who is lookin mighty thoughtful. 'Jest everybody stand their hands yere till I counts the pot an notes who's play. It looks like we're cinchin the hull on to the wrong broncho. Let me ask this young female a question. 'Young woman,' he says to Tucson Jennie, 'be you fully informed as to whose neck you're hangin to?'

"'It's Dave, ain't it?' she says, lookin all tearful in his face to make shore.

"Enright an the rest of us don't say nuthin, but jest looks at each other. Tutt flushes up an looks pleased both at once, but jest the same he puts his arms around her like the dead game man he is.

"'What'll you have, gents?' Enright says at last, quiet an thoughtful. 'The drinks is on me, barkeep.'

"'Excuse me,' says Doc Peets, 'but as the author of this yere pot I takes it the p'sen is on me. Barkeep, set out all your bottles.'

"'Gents,' says Jack Moore, 'I'm as peaceful a man as ever jingled a spur or pulled a gun in Wolfville, but as I reflects on the active part I takes in this yere play I won't be responsible for the results if any man comes between me an payin for these drinks. Barkeep, I'm doin this myself.'

"Well, it's hard enoomeratin jest how many drinks we do have. Jim Wallace throws away the wagon cover an comes over from the New York store an stands in with us. It gets to be a orgy.

"'Of course it's all right,' says Enright. 'The camp wins with Tutt instead of Wallace; that's all. It illustrates one of them beautiful characteristics of the gentler sex too. Yere's Wallace, to say nuthin of 20 others, as besieges an beleaguers this yere female for six weeks, an she scorns 'em. Yere's Tutt, who ain't sayin a word, don't bat an eye nor wag a year, an she grabs him. It is such uncertainties, gents, as makes the love of woman valuable.'

"'You should have asked me,' says Faro Nell, who comes in right then, an rounds up close to Cherokee. 'Why, I could tell you two weeks ago Jennie's in love with Tutt. Anybody could see it. Why, she's been feedin of him twice as good grub as she does anybody else.'"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Are Rice Eaters Not Bloodthirsty?

It may be admitted that diet has more or less influence upon character, but mildness, gentleness and kindred virtues are by no means universally found among those races which abstain from animal food. Vegetarians are prone to contrast the gentleness of our domesticated herbivora with the ferocity often displayed by carnivorous animals. A little reflection, however, shows that the food cannot be the main cause of the disposition in either case. Many of the herbivora are capable of displaying the utmost ferocity; savage attacks upon inoffensive persons by bulls, horses and stags are by no means uncommon in this country; while in the east, "rogue" elephants, wild boars and other herbivorous animals often inflict serious injuries upon human beings who chance to come in their way.

So likewise the ordinarily mild Hindoo, feeding on rice or wheat flour, is liable to become riotous, uncontrollable and bloodthirsty when influenced by religious fanaticism. It would seem that the mischievous effects upon the habits and disposition ascribed to animal food are due rather to the alcoholic liquors which are generally consumed at the same time. The disposition of an average individual, leading a temperate life, would probably not be altered for the better were he to substitute vegetarian diet for his ordinary fare.—Fortnightly Review.

Recollections of Carlyle.

Mrs. Carlyle was dressed in black velvet. She had a pale blue ribbon around her neck, to which was attached a large gold cross. She also wore a brooch which had been given to her by Goethe. One of her bracelets, a very pretty one, pebbles of different colors, and beautifully cut, polished and set in silver, she told the lady I had been invited to meet was a present from the same great man. Soon after we had adjourned to the drawing room, I heard a latch key in the door, and listened intently heard steps and voices in the hall. Mrs. Carlyle gave me a mischievous smile, as Mr. Carlyle, followed by two gentlemen, entered the room. They were all in high spirits, and had been to see Chang, the Chinese giant.

After Mr. Carlyle's kind "How d'ye do?" I had no further word from him that night, but was sufficiently interested in listening to the brilliant, clever talk. One of these gentlemen was Professor Tyndall. The other I did not recognize. The professor gave me my tea, and talked to me a little, but I preferred listening—keeping well in Mrs. Carlyle's shadow, and slipping quietly away when it grew late.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Dr. Johnson's Kiss.

On the eve of leaving London for Canada Mrs. Brooke, who wrote "The History of Emily Montague," the first novel written in Canada, gave a farewell party, Hannah More, Johnson and Boswell being of the company. Dr. Johnson was obliged to leave early and apparently departed after wishing his hostess health and happiness. Shortly after a servant whispered to Mrs. Brooke that a gentleman was waiting below to speak to her. Running down stairs, the fair novelist found the venerable lexicographer. "Madam," said he ponderously, 'I sent for you down stairs that I might kiss you, which I did not choose to do before so much company."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Flying Fish.

The flying fish is not a suppositious creature. They are constantly to be met with in certain latitudes. The flying fish rises 10 or 12 feet out of the water and keeps in the air for 100 yards when it is obliged to wet its fins by dipping.

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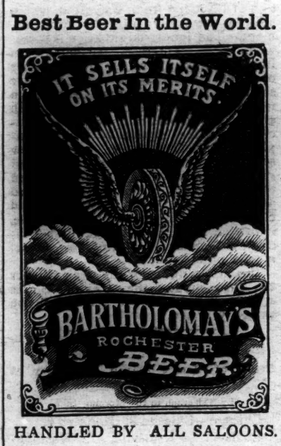

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A. P. LEVY, Manager,
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Creating a Demand.

A seedy, red nosed individual walked into a Market street saloon recently, laid 10 cents on the bar and said:

"Give me some gooseberry bitters."

"Don't keep it," replied the barkeeper.

"All right. Give me whisky, then."

The fellow took his drink and wandered out.

The barkeeper had hardly finished talking when another bibulous individual walked in, asked for gooseberry bitters and took a straight whisky.

"Now, wait a minute, and you will see the trick," said the barkeeper.

In a quarter of an hour a well dressed man walked up to the bar, called for a cocktail and asked:

"Don't you want to buy a little of those gooseberry bitters of mine?"

"No, I guess not."

"No one call for them?"

"Oh, yes; those two fellows you sent around awhile ago, and they were both afraid I might have the bitters."

"Once," explained the barkeeper, "all a man wanted to start a bar was a couple of bottles of bitters—one of Jamaica ginger and one of whisky. Now he needs a warehouse to keep the bitters and cordials in, and that is the way a demand is created for a new brand that nobody wants."—San Francisco Post.

"Those Infernal Triplets."

In the Noachian deluge of mediocre literature that today covers Europe and America, when our neighbors, and even our pet friends, are talking of the dialogues, not of Plato, but of Dolly, it requires, I grant, some little courage to be able to say, "No; I have not read 'Those Infernal Triplets' or 'The Black Chrysanthemum.'" Yet we may be quite sure that if once the taste has been educated up to appreciating Plato, "Those Infernal Triplets" or "The Black Chrysanthemum" may be read with impunity—nay, with profit perhaps, for they will not fascinate, much less enthrall. Besides, perhaps the best feature of such taste is that then worse things than frivolous and sophistical novels will have no power to allure.

English women "with a purpose" may imitate the outspokenness of Roman satirists of the first century, and Frenchmen with no purpose may imitate the unidealistic details of Greek romancers of the second, but neither will wholly divert us from the best that has been thought and written. But it is only when the taste has thus been truly formed that we can safely follow the advice of Plato's panegyrist, to "read that which we love and not waste our memory over a crowd of mediocrities; otherwise we shall lose the mediocrities, and, like Noah's unbelieving audience, find ourselves hopelessly floundering in the flood. —Blackwood's Magazine.

Dr. Johnson's Kiss.

On the eve of leaving London for Canada Mrs. Brooke, who wrote "The History of Emily Montague," the first novel written in Canada, gave a farewell party, Hannah More, Johnson and Boswell being of the company. Dr. Johnson was obliged to leave early and apparently departed after wishing his hostess health and happiness. Shortly after a servant whispered to Mrs. Brooke that a gentleman was waiting below to speak to her. Running down stairs, the fair novelist found the venerable lexicographer. "Madam," said he ponderously, 'I sent for you down stairs that I might kiss you, which I did not choose to do before so much company."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Samuel Johnson on Women.

Of marriage in the abstract, Johnson highly approved. "Every man," he said, "is a worse man in proportion as he is unfit for the married state." He even approved of a man contracting a second marriage, and considered it as a compliment to the first wife. He acknowledged, however, that he had once been on the point of asking Mrs. Johnson not to marry again. She might well have granted his request without any fear of being tempted to break her promise. Johnson ridiculed the idea of a man being unwilling to marry a pretty woman lest he should have cause for jealousy. "No, sir," he said, "I would prefer a pretty woman, unless there are objections to her. A pretty woman, if she has a mind to be wicked, can find a readier way than another, and that is all." He had, in fact, made a profound study of women from every point of view. And yet, as Mr. Craig observes, Johnson never took women quite seriously, and would not hear of their assuming an equality with men, either in mental or bodily pursuits.—Athenæum.

Breaking It Gently.

Little Ella—Papa, I know what I am going to give you for your birthday.

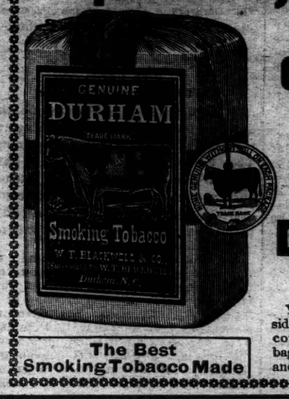
Father—What is it, child?

Ella—A beautiful beer glass.

Father—Why, my dear, I have already got one.

Ella—Yes; but I broke it just now.—Dahelm Kalender.

Man in society is like a flower blown in its native bud. It is there only that his faculties, expanded in full bloom, shine out, there only reach their proper use.—Cowper.



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Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
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Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad
Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST. Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. Passenger Daily Ex Sunday. Arrive	Leave
P M,	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	4 12	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
5 15	5 25	Kinston	10 32	.....
6 27	6 43	Newbern	9 17	9 30
P. M	P M	Morehead City...	8 01	8 17
			A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 25 a m, and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.
Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p m, and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.05 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.
S. L. DILL, Sup't.
ma 27 tf

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THE ORIGINAL. ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS.
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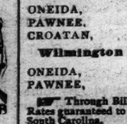

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W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
*5	†6	—Wilmington—	†7	*9
A M	P M		P M	P M
7 00	2 00	Lv...Millberry street...Ar	12 40	
7 00	2 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	3 25
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville.....Lv		12 15
11 00	3 58	Lv.....“.....Ar	10 42	10 25
11 58	4 30	Lv...Mayeville.....Lv	10 00	9 18
12 70	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.....Lv	9 52	8 10
1 30	5 3.	Ar...Newbern.....Lv	9 30	8 00
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.
H. A. WHITING, General Manager.
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. my 23 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 20, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.53 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.35 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.35 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.08 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.35 a m, Richmond 5.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.58 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.20 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 p m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.19 p m, †Norfolk 9.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 6.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5.45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m,, Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SATURDAY MORNING, JULY 25, 1896

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

Net Receipts at the Ports—New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The following are the net receipts at the ports since September 1st, 1895: Galveston, 997,136 bales; New Orleans, 1,756,386; Mobile, 205,914; Savannah, 758,841; Charleston, 280,199; Wilmington, 171,079; Norfolk, 388,579; Baltimore, 44 196; New York, 98,439; Boston, 158,936; Newport News, 15,472; Philadelphia, 45,038; West Point, 148 639; Brunswick, 74,440; Port Royal, 75,754; Pensacola, 17,603; Texas City, 54,019. Total, 5,154,917.

The *Sun* says: Cotton declined 1 to 4 points, rallied, and advanced 4 to 6 points, closing quiet and steady, with prices 1 point lower to 3 points higher. The sales were 134,300 bales.

To-day's features: The decline in the Liverpool market, together with an estimate by the North Carolina weather bureau giving the condition of the crop in that State at 99 per cent., caused a weaker opening in cotton here. The decline was only temporary, however, for Liverpool rallied, and this fact, together with covering of shorts and unfavorable crop advices from Arkansas and Mississippi, produced a rally in which all of the loss was recovered and a small advance ensued. Spot cotton here was more active at firm prices. Realizing before the close, however, and renewed long liquidation produced a recession, and the improvement was lost in most instances.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat Closed Lower—Corn and Oats Declined in Sympathy with Wheat—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 24.—All conditions were favorable to a bull campaign in the wheat market to-day and during the early hours of the session yesterday's strength was maintained. At the close, however, the strength was lost and September option wound up 14c. lower than yesterday, influenced by good crop reports from distant lands. September wheat opened from 57⅞ to 58c., sold between 58¾ and 57¾c., closing at 57¾@57⅞c. Cash wheat was firm.

Corn was not much moved by the wheat advance, the same condition being bearish for corn. September corn opened at 26¼c., sold between 26¾ and 26¼c., closed at 26¼c.—¾c. lower than yesterday. Cash corn closed at about yesterday's price.

Oats were strong with wheat and almost equally as weak at the close. September oats closed a shade lower than yesterday. Cash oats were ¼c. above yesterday and closed steady.

Provisions opened with a firmer feeling, on lighter hog receipts, but heavy selling soon hammered down the quotations. September pork closed 7½c. lower and September lard and ribs each 7½c. lower.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Huckleberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart 4 to 7c; pears, Southern, fancy, barrel, $3 00 to $3 50; watermelons, car-loads, $100 to 225; do hundred, $8.00 to 20 00; muskmelons, basket, 30 to 55c; do barrel, 40c to $1.35; peaches, Georgia, carrier, 75c to $3.35; do Maryland and Delaware, crate, 40 to 65c; do basket, 30 to 75c; do South Carolina, carrier, 75c to $3.25; grapes, case, $1.25 to 1.50; apples, crate, 40 to 60c; onions, Eastern Shore, basket, 50 to 65; do barrel, $1 00 to 1.37; potatoes, $1.00 to 1.12; do sweets, $1 00 to 3 00.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT

Of Stocks, Receipts and Exports of Cotton.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 24.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending this date:

	1896	1895
Net receipts at all United States ports during the week...	6,553	2 749
Total receipts to this date.....	5,154,917	7,902 681
Exports for the week	27,955	9,693
Total exports to this date.....	4,446,188	6,603,333
Stock in all United States ports.....	177,974	356,733
Stock at all interior towns.....	74,708	48 571
Stock in Liverpool,..	693,000	1,445,000
American afloat for Great Britain.....	28.000	31,000

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

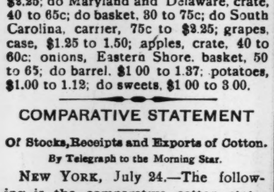
By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 24@24¼c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 60.

CHARLESTON, July 24.—Spirits turpentine firm at 23c; sales —— casks. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; B, C, $1 52, D, E $1 30, F $1 35, G $1 40, H $1 45, I $1 50, K $1 55, M $1 60, N $1 65, W G $1 70, W W $1 80.

SAVANNAH, July 24—Spirits turpentine firm at 23½c; sales of 989 casks; receipts 1,000 casks; since April 1st: receipts 156 431 casks; exports 10,174 casks; stock 31,576 casks. Rosin firm; sales 4,500 barrels; receipts 4,519 barrels; A, B, C, D, E, F $1 37½, G $1 40, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 60, M $1 65, N $1 75, W G $1 85; W W $2 00, since April 1st: 361,405 barrels; exports 371,582 barrels; stock 122,387 barrels.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

POPULIST CONVENTION.

WATSON, OF GEORGIA, NOMINATED FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

The Lights Went Out Just As He Was Declared Nominated — The Convention Adjourned in Darkness While Pandemonia Reigned—A Summary of the Day's Proceedings.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CONVENTION HALL, ST. LOUIS, July 24.—The Populist Convention was called to order by Senator Allen, permanent chairman, at 10.05 o'clock. Prayer was offered by Rev. Mr. Williams, of the Union Methodist Church, of St. Louis.

A gavel, constructed in the State of Ohio out of forty-eight different kinds of timber, representing every State, was presented to the chairman by Delegate Denoe, of Ohio, as a "middle-of-the-road" gavel, and it was accepted by the chairman. During this presentation ceremony a couple of fantastically attired individuals ascended the platform. These were dressed to represent the characters of

UNCLE SAM AND COLUMBIA.

Uncle Sam was represented by a pretty well known character from Staten Island named Lloyd, and Columbia in the "sweet singer of Arkansas," who entertained the convention with a song —Mrs. Pennington Byna. This pair of eccentricities were introduced to the convention by the chairman as "a couple of important characters."

They made their bow to the audience and the "sweet singer of Arkansas" immediately broke out into a song composed for the occasion, and sung to an air something between "Auld Lang Syne" and "John Anderson, My Jo John."

When this performance was at an end, the States were called for the appointment of delegates to act on the conference committee with the Silver Convention. When the State of Texas was reached, the spokesman of that delegation declared indignantly that Texas had no name to present for such a committee.

MINORITY REPORT ON RULES.

The report of the Committee on Rules and Order of Business, which was made last night, was taken up for action. The majority report had been read last night. The minority report was now read, the point of it being that nominations for Vice President shall be made prior to nominations for President. The majority report was acknowledged by delegate Pomeroy, of New Jersey, a member of the Committee on Rules. There were but three points of difference, he said, between the majority and the minority, the principal one being a reversal of the order of nominations for President and Vice President. One of the rules recommended was that nominating speeches should be limited to twenty minutes and the seconding speeches to ten minutes. Another rule which was unanimously recommended was that where there were vacancies in delegations the votes of the delegates present should be counted *pro rata* to the whole number to which the State is entitled. So, if a State were entitled to twelve votes and there were only ten delegates present each of them should cast one and two tenths votes. An explanation was also given as to the proposition for the selection of a chairman to the National Committee, but the plan did not satisfy the mind of Mr. Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota, who said in indignant tones that it seemed as if very little would be left of the People's party after this convention got through its work, except its national organization, and he did not wish to see that national organization put into the hands of the Democrats, as it would be under the proposed rule. While he was ready to support Mr. Bryan, if that gentleman should be the choice of the convention, he was not in favor of permitting a Democrat to become the head of the Populist National Committee.

After the fanaticism and folly of this hour," Mr. Donnelly continued, "have passed away, we want to reclothe the skeleton of the party with flesh, and if we adopt this proposition I do not see that we can do it. Therefore I am in favor of an amendment to the proposed rule which will place the selection of the chairman of the National Committee in the hands of the committee itself."

Mr. W. L. Green, of Nebraska, took exception to Mr. Donnelly's statement that only the skeleton of the Populist party would be left after this convention adjourned.

Mr. Green's remarks assumed a still more aggressive phase as he proceeded, and considerable confusion and frequent interruptions by the anti-Bryan men resulted.

Mr. Howard, of Alabama, scouted the imputation that the convention was not competent to make its own choice of chairman and he also insisted that that portion of the rules which sent all resolutions to the Committee on Resolutions was gag-law and ought to be voted down in a Populist Convention. He further asked the convention to hold out the olive branch to the South by the adopting the minority report and nominating a middle of the road man for Vice President. "This done," he said, "and we will be in a position to treat with you."

A delegate rose to a question of privilege and protested with great vehemence against the unwarranted interference of officials of the convention with the delegates who rose to address it. He intimated that these subordinates were acting in the Bryan interest. The chairman ruled that there was no question of privilege presented and when another delegate arose, directed the officers to make the delegate take his seat.

Mr. E G. Brown, of Massachusetts, came to the stand and made a short conciliatory speech, recommending the adoption of the minority report to proceed to the nomination of Vice President before the nomination of President. The minority, representing 25 States, he said, asked of the majority that little concession, and he hoped it would be made. He asked for a poll of the States.

Loud cries of "question" were raised when Mr. Patterson resumed his seat.

A delegate from Maine wished to answer Mr. Patterson but the previous question was demanded and the chair pronounced it to be carried and declared all further debate to be cut off. Nevertheless Mr. Jerry Brown, of Massachusetts, and ex Gov. Gibbs, of Texas, were permitted to address the convention, both in favor of nominating the Vice President and selecting a Southern Populist for the office.

The roll of States was called on the questions of substituting the minority report giving precedence to the Presidential nomination for the majority report to proceed to ballot for President first and Vice President next.

Mr. Skinner, of North Carolina, who had cast 85 of that State's vote for the majority, announced that he would change that vote until good faith was observed, and a Southern Vice President nominated.

A scene of great confusion ensued, which delayed the proceedings some time. An informal count showed the vote to be: For the minority report, 780; for the majority report, 766.

Before the report was announced Mr. Skinner changed the vote of North Carolina, casting the whole 95 votes for the minority report, which was thus adopted.

The official total was: For the minority report, 785; for the majority, 615.

The report, as thus amended was declared adopted.

The chair announced that the Committee on Resolutions had prepared a report, but that the minority members who wished to sign a minority report requested time for this purpose.

Gen. Weaver, of Iowa, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions and Platform, took the stand at five minutes past 3 o'clock to read the platform and resolutions, which had been agreed to, he said, with great unanimity but not with entire unanimity, as minority reports would be presented by Mr. Kearby, of Texas, and Mr. Coxey, of Ohio. He read the platform and resolutions.

There was very little applause given to any of the various declarations of the platform. The declaration in favor of recognizing Cuban independence was most appreciated and after it, in point of popularity, came that in favor of the initiative and referendum.

Mr. Coxey, of Ohio, as representing the minority of the Committee on Platform, read other propositions, to be added to the platform, among them being these: Non-interest bearing bonds; good roads, extension of suffrage to women, and the ownership and control by the Government of every industry necessary to the welfare of the community.

At the request of some delegates, the financial plank of the platform was again read, and it was explained that the various propositions in the minority report were intended as supplementary to the majority report.

The platform reported by the majority of the Committee on Rules was agreed to and all the amendments were laid on the table.

Several motions to take a recess until evening were made and voted down; a remonstrance on the part of the conference committee against proceeding with nominations until a report should be received from that committee was treated with disdain, and a motion to call the States for nominations for Vice President was at 4.20 p. m. carried amid applause.

After the call of the roll of States had been entered upon, the convention reconsidered its determination not to take a recess, and at 4.33 p. m. adjourned to meet again at 6 p. m.

The chair ruled that Mr. Brown's motion was out of order until the previous motion to take up the report by sections was disposed of.

Geo. Abbott, of Nebraska, disclosed the purpose of the movement to proceed to the selection of a Vice President by a brief speech, which was received with tumultuous applause. He said: "The men who want you to vote for Vice President first do so because they think we will not give them the Vice Presidency after they have nominated Bryan. Now I come from Nebraska, and I say to you I will fight any proposition to make Sewall Vice President. Let us go ahead and nominate Bryan in good faith, and I will guarantee you will have a Vice President from the South." [Cheers]

"Cyclone" Davis, of Texas, made an earnest appeal for the minority report.

Delegate Patterson, of Colorado, spoke earnestly in favor of recognizing Bryan for President and Sewall for Vice President.

The name of Bryan was greeted with applause and the name of Sewall with shouts of disapproval.

THE NIGHT SESSION.

It was noticeable that many of the delegates on their way to the evening session had their grip-sacks in their hands as if they had given up their rooms in hotels and lodging houses and intended to take trains for their homes, to-night. That was an indication of a hope or a feeling that the convention would wind up its proceedings and adjourn finally before to-morrow. There was a large attendance on the floor with perhaps a couple of hundred spectators in the galleries.

At 6.35 p. m., the convention was called to order by its permanent chairman, Senator Allen, of Nebraska, but it was a long time before the call produced the desired result. Then the chairman announced that a message had been received from the Silver Convention and it would now be read.

Delegate Pollock, of Mississippi, a member of the Silver Convention, was introduced by the chairman and proceeded to read the platform adopted by that body. There were some points of order made against the reading, but they were promptly overruled by the chairman.

When he reached the conclusion, to the effect that Mr. Bryan had been nominated for the Presidency] there was an outburst of applause, drowning ther further announcement of Sewall for the Vice Presidency.

The call of States for nominations for Vice President was resumed, Mr. Baumann, of Alabama, appearing as the spokesman of that delegation, to nominate for Vice President Representative Skinner, the Populist Congressman from North Carolina.

Representative Howard, of Alabama, placed in nomination Hon. Thomas E. Watson, the late Populist Congressman from Georgia.

Mr. Sovereign, Master Workman of the Knights of Labor, seconded the nomination of Mr. Watson in behalf of the State of Arkansas, and said the contest was "between the common people of this country and the combined forces of two continents."

Mr. Watson's nomination was also seconded by Delegate Johnson, of California.

Colorado being called, yielded to Mr. Lafe Pence, now of New York, formerly a Congressman of Colorado, who began by saying: "Mr. President, in order to draw the person quickly and have it out, let me say my purpose is to give some reason or try to give some reason why we should nominate Mr. Arthur Sewall, of Maine, for Vice President." This announcement was received with considerable applause, followed by hisses.

Mr. A. A. Gunby, who spoke, said neither of the old parties had dared since the war to put a Southern man on the ticket, but it was reserved to this great party to take this forward step. He could not understand, he said, the policy which had put forward a bank president to put down national banks, a corporationist to put down corporations and a railroad magnate to put down railroad corporations and monopolies. [Laughter and cheers.] The man he named could stand on the platform with both feet, and he simply wanted to say of him that if the Democratic party swallowed Tom Watson, it would have more brains and honesty in its stomach than it had ever before. [Loud and long continued cheers.]

WATSON NOMINATED FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

12.40 A. M.—Watson had 541 votes at the end of the first call. Texas and Tennessee changed, giving him 721 votes. Necessary for a choice 699.

12.41.—Just as Watson was declared nominated the electric lights went out, leaving the hall in darkness, while pandemonium reigned.

At 12.50 the convention adjourned until 9 a. m. to-morrow.

Before the convention adjourned the purpose of the message from Mr. Bryan, declining the nomination for President unless Sewall was nominated for Vice President became known among the leaders. Gov. Stone, of Missouri, General J. B. Weaver and Mr. Patterson, of Denver, held a conference, but without result. Subsequently Gov. Stone said he did not believe Mr. Bryan's name would be presented to the convention. He could not, he said, possibly see how Mr. Bryan could ever consider a nomination after the action of the convention in nominating Mr. Watson for Vice President.

The leaders of the Populists are all at sea, but among those who have been contending for Mr. Sewall's nomination, the telegram brings a ray of hope, for they believe it will force the convention to reconsider its action and endorse the straight Democratic ticket. There appears, however, to be no probability of this being done.

SILVER CONVENTION.

BRYAN AND SEWALL NOMINATED BY ACCLAMATION.

The Democratic Nominees for President and Vice President Receive Enthusiastic Support from the Independent Champions of Free Silver.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, July 24.—The strain of the past few days showed on the delegates to the Silver Convention this morning. They were slow in gathering in the hall, and the somewhat diminished attendance showed that the fear expressed yesterday by Mr. Shinn, of Kansas, that the delegates could not all be kept here, was well founded.

Mr. Baker, of California, chairman of the conference committee, announced that the two committees had met this morning and would meet again at 1 o'clock this afternoon. The silverites were assured, he said, that the Populists were now working harmoniously along the lines laid down by this convention. [Cheers.] He believed that a unanimous report from the conference committees of the two conventions would be one of the strongest campaign documents that would be circulated. In order that this might be successfully accomplished, he moved that the further proceedings of the convention relating to the adoption of a platform and nominations be deferred until this afternoon at 3.30 o'clock. This was seconded by delegates from Kansas and Wisconsin and the motion was carried with but one dissenting vote. The remainder of the National Committee was announced and the members were requested to meet immediately upon adjournment this morning. A motion was made and agreed to authorizing the committee to fill vacancies.

There was a tumultuous demand for a speech from Senator Stewart, to which he responded in an eulogy of Bryan.

Mrs. Helen M. Gouger called a meeting of all the ladies present for this afternoon to form a Woman's National Silver League. [Cheers]

Miss Helena Harnett Mitchell, of Alton, Kan., was introduced and stating that being inspired by the nomination of Bryan, although she had never written a poem, she had written one on "The Wail of Wm. Whitney." It was semi-humorous and the various hits at Whitney, Hill and Depew, aroused intense enthusiasm. At the close of the recitation many of the delegates arose and expressed their feelings by shouting and waving hats, handkerchiefs and flags. It was the most enthusiastic ovation of the convention.

C. R Scott, of Omaha, formerly a Republican, said that he would work to bury the party he had left. Whitney had made the announcement that something should be done. He wished to inform Mr. Whitney that something would be done. Reference was made by a delegate on the floor to Cleveland. Replying to this, Mr. Scott said: "Oh! God give us cyclones if they must; come; war, famine and pestilence; but Oh! God in thy mercy, save us from another four years of Grover Cleveland." He called, in conclusion, for three cheers for Bryan, and they were given with a will.

A recess was taken until 3.30 p. m.

The last session of the National Silver Convention attracted the largest attendance of spectators that has honored the convention. A large proportion of the visitors were ladies.

At 3.55 o'clock Chairman St. John called the convention to order.

Mr. Baker, of California, chairman of the Silver Convention committee of conference, reported the resolution adopted in connection with the conference from the Populist Convention. He said the delegates of that body were fully in accord with the sentiment entertained by the convention; they earnestly desired to bring about the reforms which are so necessary to the people of the United States.

Mr. Shinn, of Kansas, moved that the report of the committee be accepted, adopted, and the committee discharged. This was agreed to without debate or division.

A delegate sought recognition, but was suppressed by Chairman St. John, who said: "The regular order of business will be proceeded with. Time is too precious to waste on any interruptions. The chair cannot listen to the gentleman. The next business will be the report of the Committee on Resolutions by Senator Jones, of Nevada."

Senator Jones came forward and was given a most flattering reception, many of the delegates rising and cheering. When quiet was restored, Senator Jones read the platform and address to the people of the United States. The recommendation that Bryan and Sewall be nominated brought the whole convention to their feet, with cheers and many demonstrations of delight.

The previous question on the adoption of the resolutions was ordered and they were agreed to by a rising vote, which was unanimous, accompanied by much enthusiasm.

Mr. Pace, of Nebraska, moved that the convention proceed to the nomination of a candidate for President and Vice President. A large number of suggestions and subordinate motions followed, without action. Gen. Warner explained why the Committee on Resolutions had recommended nomination instead of endorsement—which was to meet the exigencies of the situation in several States where nomination was necessary to enable the silver electors to be voted for.

Mr. Pace's motion was adopted, and E. C. Little, of Abilene, Kansas, was recognized to place Mr. Bryan's name before the convention. He did so in a graceful and forceful speech. Mr. Pace, of Nebraska, seconded the nomination.

Mr. Doud, of Missouri, moved that the roll of States be called and the vote recorded.

Another delegate moved that the nomination be made by acclamation. This seemed to strike the convention favorably and it was carried unanimously by a rising vote.

The announcement by the chair was followed by a great wave of enthusiasm, rolling over the convention hall, carrying the delegates into chairs with umbrellas, hats and handkerchiefs in the air. A large picture of Bryan placed in front of the chairman's desk, together with a regulation silk flag, increased the tumult, and it rose to its highest pitch when Miss Lillie Pierce, the young elocutionist who recited the Declaration of Independence on the opening day, seized the large yellow banner of the California Bimetallic League and marched round the hall, followed by the delegation in single file. And all the while the band played "Hail Columbia" and "Yankee Doodle." Finally Miss Pierce took the stage and a striking tableau was formed, she making the central figure, Bryan's picture for a background and flags and banners at the side, holding aloft in her fingers a silver dollar. When the delegates began to quiet down after a ten minutes' demonstration, it was renewed by the familiar cry, "What's the matter with Bryan?" and the response, "He's all right."

The nomination of Mr. Sewall was made by acclamation, and in diminished measure of spirit and time, the demonstration following Bryan's nomination was repeated with variations. The band played "America," and a verse of that grand old hymn was sung by delegates and spectators. An effort was made by a portion of the delegates to sing "Praise God From Whom All Blessings Flow," but it was pitched in too high a key, and the attempt lamentably failed. Chairman St. John was at last enabled to announce that Arthur Sewall, of Maine, had been nominated as the convention's candidate for Vice President.

Mr. Baker, of California, moved that a committee of one from each delegation be named to notify the candidates of their nomination. Agreed to.

Mr. Pace, of Nebraska, moved as the sense of the convention that inasmuch as Bryan and Sewall will be notified of their nomination by the Notification Committee in the East, that Mr. Sewall come West, and with Mr. Bryan receive the notification of their nomination by this convention at the latter's home in Lincoln, Neb.

Mr. Doud, of Missouri, moved, and the motion was adopted, that Mr. Lane, of California, the gold miner, who addressed the convention yesterday, be elected chairman of the National Committee. And then, at 6.30, the convention adjourned *sine die*.

U. S. TREASURY.

Condition of the Gold Reserve—No Withdrawals for Export—Large Tenders of Gold Accepted.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Treasury gold reserve to-night stands, with offers made and accepted, at about $111,000,000. The actual official figures are $108,688,179. The day's withdrawals for hoarding purposes were $312 500. There were no withdrawals reported for exports. So far, about $17,000,000 in gold, tendered by New York banks, have been taken up in the Treasury cash and about $500,000, as far as known here, remains to be taken up. Other cities were heard from to day and the following tenders of gold were accepted: Chicago, $2,500,000; Philadelphia, $3,500,000; Boston, $1,000,000 In every case either greenbacks or Sherman notes are demanded and given for the gold so deposited. Both class of notes are gold demand obligations. In a few instances and for small amounts those who have offered gold have asked for the new $1 silver certificate just issued. This new note is of an unique design and very attractive in appearance.

NEW YORK, July 24.—If the plan for regulating the foreign exchange markets succeeds, and there appears to be no doubt that it will, the gold reserve in the United States Treasury will not again fall below $100,000,00, at any rate not until after the election, for the exchange syndicate formed by J. P. Morgan is to be continued until that time. The members of the syndicate which have been forwarding gold to supply the demand from the Governments of Russia and Austria have informed their correspondents in Berlin and Paris that they cannot do so any longer. Gold for Russia and Austria must now be procured in London or Paris. It is doubtful if any can be obtained in Paris, and a higher price will have to be paid for any that may be purchased in London. It is said the agencies in New York of the Canadian banks which sell foreign exchange and which have taken a good deal of gold out of the sub-Treasury recently will be brought into the exchange syndicate. While it is expected that exports of gold will be stopped entirely, there will necessarily be some withdrawals of gold from the sub-Treasury. There is a steady call from jewelers for gold, which ranges from $5 000 to $25.000 a day. This demand will keep up, but it is not regarded as objectionable because the gold does not leave the country. The banks of New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Chicago will contribute at least $25,000,000 in gold to the Treasury. Lyman J. Gage, President of the First National Bank of Chicago, telegraphed today to Frederick K. Tappan, President of the Gallatin National Bank, that the Chicago banks would contribute at least $3 000,000. Mr. Tappan also received word that $3,500 000 would be raised in Philadelphia, while over $2,000,000 will be subscribed in Boston. The total deposits of gold made by the banks at the sub-Treasury to-day were $1 490,000, and the total for three days thus far $17,345,000. The sum of $100 000 was withdrawn by the Merchants Bank of Canada.

THE STATE OF TRADE.

No Signs of Improvement—Sales Continue Light and Prices Low.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 24.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say: Telegraphic and mail advices from commercial and industrial centres indicate a more unsatisfactory state of trade. There is no outlook favoring an early revival of trade, while the volume of sales continues light and prices low, with a further restriction of credits. The general money market is dull, due not only to caution on the part of banks in discounting, but to falling off in demand. Unfavorable crop reports from Nebraska have caused cancellation of some orders and long continued rains in Tennessee have checked business there. Louisiana reports the new rice crop short. Relatively favorable advices are from Baltimore, where orders in general lines are fairly satisfactory and the volume of business is larger than in the like portion of 1895, and from Galveston, where business generally promises improvement. The industrial situation is somewhat more depressed, particularly in iron and steel, prices for most varieties of which, notably Southern pig iron, are shaded. The encouraging feature in iron and steel is the extent to which stacks have blown out. There is an increase in the number of striking employes in several lines, but the new scale of wages asked by the iron and steel workers has been largely acceded to. Production is materially curtailed among manufacturers of woollens and cotton as heretofore and in locomotive, hardware, silver, jewelry and lumber industries. Shoe factories are busy, mostly on old orders.

Business failures for the week number 280 throughout the United States against 255 last week and 289 in the week a year ago.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Chicago—Chicago 2, Brooklyn 9.

Louisville — Louisville 7, Washington 8.

Pittsburg—Pittsburg-New York game postponed—rain.

Cincinnati—Boston-Cincinnati game postponed—wet grounds.

St. Louis—St. Louis 8, Baltimore 5.

Montgomery — Montgomery 11, Columbus 6

New Orleans—New Orleans 7, Mobile 6.

Portsmouth—Portsmouth 11, Petersburg 4.

Richmond—Richmond 10. Norfolk 9.

COLORADO CLOUD-BURST.

A Portion of Golden City Swept Away—Many Lives Lost.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., July 24.—Twenty-five Summer tourists encamped near Morrison, Col., twenty miles from Denver, were caught in a cloud-burst this evening.

GOLDEN CITY, COLO., July 24.—An immense cloud-burst swept a portion of this city away shortly after 6 o'clock tonight. The loss of life is variously estimated at between ten to fifty. The confusion is too great to give definite details at present.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A PAINFUL SPECTACLE.

Governor Evans and a Circuit Court Judge of South Carolina in a Rough and Tumble Fight at Florence.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

COLUMBIA, S. C., July 24.—For the past six years candidates for public offices in South Carolina have been blackguarding each other on the stump and have been time and again on the very verge of getting together in personal combat, but they have never gotten to the fighting point. The people had come to believe that such a thing as resenting an insult on the stump was a dream of the past. But Judge Joseph H. Earle broke the record to-day when he jumped upon the stand at Florence and struck Gov. Evans on the head with his fist, getting a little blood drawn from under his eye in the personal row which followed. Gov. Evans fist landing in his face. It was an exciting episode and most painful spectacle—the Governor of the State and a Circuit Court judge in a public "scrap." The trouble was caused by Evans alluding to Earle as a fice with his tail cut. The whole court room was wild with excitement. Friends crowded around the two men after they had been very forcibly separated. A number of pistols were drawn and held in the hands of their owners ready for use. Gov. Evans was speaking when the incident occurred, Earle having spoken. Candidate Duncan spoke afterwards, going for Gov. Evans in pretty warm language. There was a lively passage at arms between Gens. Watts and Richbourg, candidates for Adjutant General, the latter telling Watts finally that he would hold him personally responsible for what he had said.

GOLD-BUG DEMOCRATS.

Arrangements for a National Convention to be Called Not Later Than September Second.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 24.—The "sound money" Democratic conference finished its work to-day, provided for the selection of a National Committee of one from each State in sympathy with the movement to meet August 7th, at Indianapolis, to issue a formal call for a national convention not later than September 2d, and entrusted an executive committee with the work of organizing State meetings.

The committee of one from each of the States represented at the conference met at 9 o'clock to agree on a report as to details, and remained in session at the Auditorium Hotel three hours. Gen. Bragg presided. Minnesota and Texas were added to the States represented, making eleven as participants in the conference.

DO NOT EXPERIMENT in so important a matter as your health. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and thus keep yourself strong and healthy.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents. †

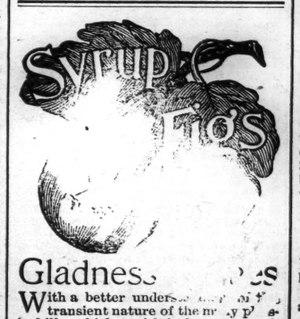
WARM WIRELETS.

James T. Hurst, of Wyandotte, one of the largest lumber operators in Michigan, has filed a trust deed covering all of his real estate in Wayne county for the benefit of his creditors, who have claims aggregating $514 000.

Parkhurst & Wilkinson, wholesale hardware merchants, Chicago, made an assignment yesterday. The firm had been considered a wealthy one and it is believed the amount involved in the failure is over $300 000.

Reports from the Texas cotton belt show it to be in good shape. The estimated average yield is half a bale to the acre. The first bale of central Texas cotton was received Thursday at Waco and sold at 5½c per pound at auction.

At Philadelphia yesterday, representatives of various banks and trust companies decided to create a fund of $3,500,000 in gold, which will be exchanged at the sub-Treasury for legal tender notes. The exchange will take place on Monday.



Gladness [illegible]

With a better understanding of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a [illegible] condition of the system, which [illegible] family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of friends, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. [illegible] effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without irritating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to obtain its beneficial effects, that you do not purchase, that [illegible] the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If afflicted with any actual disease of health, and [illegible] laxatives or other [illegible] needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be recommended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one will be sure to have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs is the highest and is most largely used and most general satisfaction.

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Statement of ATLANTIC NATIONAL BANK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

At the close of Business July 14th, 1896, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Loans	$492,601 75	Capital	$125,000 00
Overdrafts	None	Surplus	$15,000 00
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)	41,250 00	Undivided profits	17,567 01— 32,567 01
Banking House and Fixtures	10.0 0 00	Circulation	37 120 00
Redemption Fund	1,856 00	Total Deposits	493,809 95
Due from Reserve Agents	$54,777 31		
Due from other Banks	48,806 98		
Cash on hand	63,336 02—166,980 21		
Total	$712,687 96	Total	$712,687 96

DIRECTORS:

J. W. Norwood, W. E. Springer,
D. L. Gore, C. W. Worth,
S. P. McNair, E. J. Powers,
Sam'l Bear, Jr., H. L. Vollers,
W. C. Coker, Jr.
J. L. Coker, Hartsville, S. C., G. A. Norwood, Greenville, S. C.
New York correspondent, Chemical National Bank.

jy 23 tf

TWO WEEKS

MID-SUMMER CLEARING SALE

—AT—

C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

The reduction throughout the Store will amount to more than

Twenty-five Per Cent.

to you if you supply your wants during these two weeks, beginning MONDAY, July 13th, and ending SATURDAY, July 25th.

Terms Strictly Cash.

Visit us and see the articles.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agent for Butterick Patterns and W. B. Corsets. jy 12 tf

Special Clearance Sale BY JOHNSON & FORE.

Commencing Monday, the 20th Inst.,

WE OFFER SOME UNHEARD OF BARGAINS.

Your Choice of Ladies' Shirt Waists at 75 cts, Former Price $1.25 to 1.75.

Twenty Pieces 36-inch Percale at 6c Per Yrd.

Lawns at 10c Per Yard, Former Price 15 and 20 cts.

A Few Linens at 30c, Worth 50 and 60 cts.

All Millinery Goods for less than Cost.

Don't Miss the Sale.

JOHNSON & FORE,

Agents Dr. Jaeger's Sanitary Underwear. jy 19 tf

WHAT CAN WE ADVERTISE?

Why, Everything in the Dry Goods Line!

We handle everything that you need for wearing apparel. Our stock is so well selected that we can please the most fastidious and also the poor and humble. We want the masses' trade as well as the few. We try to do an up-to date Dry Goods business, and lead the State in low prices and fair dealing. The best proof that we do what we try is that we have a good trade every day.

Very neat Percales, 1 yard at 8c.

American Prints, the best made, at 5c.

Pretty Shirt Waist Calico, 4c.

Danish Wool Cloth, the best cheap Dress Goods made, at 10c; worth regular 12½c.

Very neat patterns in Pants Cloth at at 8c per yard.

All wool good Pants Cloth at 24c

Double-faced white Canton Flannel at 5c.

White Flannel, all wool, for infants, at 25c.

25 inch Plaids at 8c.

Best Pee Dee Plaids at 5c.

800 dozen Dragon Spool Cotton in assorted colors, No. from 16 to 60c, at 10c per dozen, or 1c a spool.

12 dozen nice, smooth, soft, fine Senate Braid, Straw Sailor Hats in white only, with silk band, leather sweat band and silk lined, at 50c, the same Hat we have been getting $1.00 for.

Nice Black Straw Sailors at 10c each.

Trimmed Hats almost at your own price—from 40, 50 up to 75c, $1 00 up to 3.00 and 4 00 each.

We sell you an Untrimmed Hat and material and trim the Hat free of cost to you.

New lot of fine Valincine Lace, ¼ inch wide, at 15 and 20c a dozen yards; ⅜